DIGVIJAY INSURANCE CO., LTD.
1944 FIGURES
New business received .....Rs. 24,00,000
Paid for business .....Rs. 22,00,000
Annual premium income over .....Rs. 2,50,000
WANTED CHIEF AGENTS and ORGANISERS
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR, Esq., Mg. Director,
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 31 — BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1945 — Price 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

BEST BRAIN TONIC
RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL
SPECIAL No 1.
ENDS BALDNESS INCREASES MEMORY,
INSURES EYE-SIGHT, IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP. REMOVES GRAY HAIR, STOPS FALLING HAIR, REMOVES DANDRUFF.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
SANDHURST Rd BOMBAY 4.
Rs 3/8 1lb. BOTTLE Rs. 2. 8 oz BOTTLE

CANADA TO QUIT THE EMPIRE?

DOMINION TO JOIN AMERICAN UNION

Premier Mackenzie King's Reported Plan

(From Our Correspondent)

QUEBEC, February 5.

Giving as its source "prominent member of the Quebec Liberal Party" "Action Catholique" has published a story asserting that Premier Mackenzie King is planning to draw up a new Liberal Party platform including the appointment of the Canadian General Vanier, at present Ambassador in France, as Governor-General, adoption of an authentically Canadian flag and Canadian national anthem, abolishing appeals to Privy Council, entrance of Canada into the Pan-American Union, and independence of Canada.

The story also alleges that Premier is planning to oust notoriously imperialistic members of his Cabinet and to replace them with Ministers of genuinely Canadian mentality. The newspaper says that the near future would tell whether the forecast of this Liberal Leader of Quebec is to be confirmed.

American Troops Enter Manila

LUZON, February 4.

American troops have entered Manila. They entered in a wide encircling movement under cover of darkness.

Elements of the veteran first cavalry broke into the city in dark "in order to secure the safety of the several thousand internees held by the Japanese garrison," General MacArthur's communique said.

The communique added, "They now stand guard over the internees while the remainder of the division is coming up from the east."

The thirty-seventh division is pushing into the suburbs of Manila and the Eleventh paratrooper division is rapidly driving up from the south after taking Tagaytay in a parachute action.

Japanese sniping and demolition destruction are encountered. Malacanan Palace and Grace park aerodrome were occupied by the Americans.

Manila fell 26 days after the initial Luzon landing.

Reuter adds, the advance on Manila has covered 115 miles from the Lingayen Bay landing to the north.

Reuter's special correspondent in Manila says: This is the greatest day of General MacArthur's Philippines campaign—the Americans after more than three years are back in Manila.

I was with the American flying column which raced into the north-eastern sector of the city at 7 o'clock last night. It was the climax to the six day 120 miles thrust at high speed southward from the Lingayen Gulf.

The flying column—the first into Manila—detached itself from General MacArthur's main forces at midnight on February first to make a dash for the Luzon capital.

FLIGHT OF INTERNEES.

MANILA, Feb. 5: (From Barbara Clear, Reuter's special correspondent)—Nine hours ago, I was one of 3,700 internees for whom prison doors were opened when American troops hacked their way with knives through Japanese resistance to rescue us from our internment camp.

I have been interned since January 4, 1942, and for the past five months we have been gradually starving to death.

It was pitiful to observe the physical deterioration of the internees, of whom 700 were from Britain, 100 from Australia and 60 from Canada. As a result of Beri-beri, many of them had swollen faces and limbs. In October 1944, the Japanese began unloading vast quantities of military supplies in 50 acres of land which surrounded Santo Tomas camp.—Reuter.

TEAROSE
UTILITY SHAPE
BATH SOAP
Youngster may go playful as a kitten when it's time for bath, but "Tearose" soap is no Slippery Sam. Its clever shape fits mother's palm snugly and its concave underside makes soaping so easy!
"Tearose" soap is ideal for babies' tender skin. It lathers generously and cleanses thoroughly. Get a cake, to-day.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY
ESTD. 1904
Office & Showroom:—
105, Abdul Rehman Street,
BOMBAY.

JAPS CAPTURE CHITHING

Driving Towards South China's Chief Wool Farm Centres

CHUNGKING, Feb. 4.

Japanese forces driving along the Canton-Hankow railway have captured Chihing, 30 miles east of Kukong, announced the Chinese High Command tonight.

The objective of the eastward drive is apparently Tayu, one of South China's chief wool farm centres. In severe fighting both sides suffered heavy casualties.—Reuter.

50 JAP PLANES DESTROYED.

Major-General Claire Chennault's 14th Air Force destroyed 50 Japanese aircraft and damaged 17 others between January 25 and 31, stated United States Forces Headquarters.

NEW AMERICAN LANDING ON JOLO

NEW YORK, Feb. 5: A Tokyo radio picked up here said that United States troops made a new landing on Jolo island in the Sulu group at the extreme south of the Philippine group.

A force of 3,000 troops and more than ten tanks were landed on January 18, Tokyo said. It added that up to January 27, heavy casualties had been inflicted upon the Americans.

22 FIRES STARTED ON KOBE

GUAM, Feb. 5: A sizeable force of Super Fortresses battling against a gale but little fighter opposition and anti-aircraft fire caused 22 major fires in the raid on Kobe on Sunday.

FRASER IN AUCKLAND

AUCKLAND (New Zealand): Admiral Sir Bruce Fraser, Commander-in-Chief of the British Pacific Fleet has arrived here.

Viscount Nutfield has departed for Australia.—Reuter.

U. S. SHIPS FOR SUPPLY TO FRANCE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5: The War Shipping Administration announces that as a result of discussions with representatives of the French Government shipping is to be made available for transport of essential supplies to France.—Reuter.

"BIG THREE" MEETING IN RUSSIA

PRINCES RESUME DISCUSSION ON IMPASSE

Discussions regarding their future conduct as a sequel to the resignation of the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes and the members of the Standing Committee of the Chamber, were resumed by the Special Committee of Princes, at the Taj on Monday.

It is understood that complete unanimity of views prevailed though no decision was taken. The Committee will meet again on Tuesday (today).

The Special Committee sat for long hours both in the morning and the afternoon on Monday to discuss the impasse arising out of resignations.

Roosevelt Congratulates Philippine President

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4

The White House to-night released a statement by President Roosevelt, congratulating the Philippine President, Sergio Osmena, on the fall of Manila.

It says in part "let the Japanese and other enemies of peaceful nations take a warning from the great events in your country. Their world of treachery, aggression and enslavement cannot survive in the struggle against our world of freedom and peace."—Reuter.

United States Pacific Fleet Headquarters, Feb. 4. Army L.B.

Liberators bombed Iwo Jima in Volcano Islands on Friday and Saturday, concentrating on air installations and storage areas, Admiral Nimitz announces. Chici Juma in the nearby Bonin island was also bombed on Friday.

Navy search venturas in the North Pacific made machine gun and rocket attacks on Kurabu Saki on Paramushiru and Shamushu islands in the Kuriles.—Reuter.

WEDDING BELLS IN KREMLIN?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 5.

According to Don Iddon, "Daily Mail's" New York correspondent, Stalin may take advantage of the "Big Three" meeting to announce formally his marriage to Rosa Kaganovitch, sister of Lazar Kaganovitch, vice-President of the Council of People's Commissariats. Rosa is Stalin's third wife but the wedding was kept secret both in Russia and the outside world. Officials in Kremlin of course, are familiar with the facts. Some correspondents in Moscow have heard of the marriage. Stalin and Rosa, rarely if ever, make formal appearance together. Rosa is described as "dark and pretty."

Congress Wins

M. Tirumal Rao Elected To Council Of State

MADRAS, Feb. 5: Mr. M. Tirumal Rao, the Congress candidate, was declared elected in the by-election to the Council of State caused by the death of Mr. V. Ramadas Pantulu in the Madras Non-Muhammadan Constituency.

He secured 2,073 votes out of a total number of 3,568 votes polled, including 38 invalid votes. The total number of votes for the constituency is 4,900.

Five other candidates who contested the seat were Mr. P. V. Krishniah Choudhury (who got 796 votes), Mr. V. S. Ramaswami Iyer (238 votes), Mr. P. S. Bashyam Chetty (243 votes), Mr. Kanthimathinatha Pillai (122 votes) and Mr. Srinivasachari (8 votes).—A. P.

Senators Want Treaties To Keep Axis Demilitarised

NEW YORK, Feb. 4: Over two-thirds of the members of the United States Senate in replies to a letter from the "New York Times" indicated that they would favour promulgation of treaties among the major United Nations to keep Germany and Japan permanently demilitarised.—Reuter.

"INTERIM" PLAN FOR BEATEN GERMANY?

NEW YORK, February 5.

The New York "Times" today reports from Ankara that according to Turkish quarters the "Big Three" are meeting now in Russian territory.—

LONDON, Feb. 4: Military decisions which may affect all war fronts are expected to be taken in the first phase of the "Big 3" conference. As soon as this immediate business is disposed of the leaders and their foreign ministers, who are also attending the conference, will discuss the political action to be taken if Germany collapses or disintegrates politically, writes Globe's diplomatic correspondent.

The three leaders are presumably anxious that all political plans should be ready so that if the end of the war should come suddenly, avoidable chaos may be prevented. It now becomes possible that some interim announcement specifically regarding Germany may be made in view of the developments in Europe and that the conference will then continue sessions dealing with details of the later European settlement and with the Far East war.—Globe.

Natal Indians Not To Co-operate With Judicial Commissions

DURBAN, Feb. 5:

Owing to the policy of "non-co-operation" with the Natal Indian Judicial Commission laid down by the Natal Indian Congress, all the seven Indian organisations and individuals who were to give evidence this week have notified the Commission that they would not do so.

"All Indians in Natal are members of the Natal Indian Congress. It follows therefore that they must abide by any decision the Congress takes," said Congressite P. R. Pather to-day.

In a letter advising the Commission of non-attendance, the Orient Islamic Education Institute representative Mr. A. M. Moosa said that Natal Congress as the official organ of Natal Indians had resolved not to co-operate with the work of the commission "in ventilation of its grievance against Government" and this precluded Indians presenting formal evidence 'until an amicable understanding was reached between the Union Government and the Natal Indian Congress."—Reuter.

NO INDIAN RICE FOR CEYLON

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

The United Press learns that the Ceylon Government made a request to the Government of India for supply of rice to the island, but the latter have expressed their inability to comply with the request.

It is further learned that Sir Oliver Goonetilaka, Food Commissioner of Ceylon, who is now in India, approached the Madras Government with a similar object, but failed in his mission.

It is gathered that Madras is not in a position to export any foodgrains. Moreover the Government of India will not allow the Province to export rice.—United Press.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

(COTTON JULY.)

New York, Feb. 5.

Previous Closing	21.27
To-day's Opening	21.30
Difference	+3
To-day's Closing	21.43
Difference	+16

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, Feb. 5.

Stock Exchange opening prices:—General Motors dol 64-3/4.

Anaconda Copper Mining dol 31-5/8

U. S. Steel Corporation Common dol. 61-7/8.

Preference unquoted.

SILESIA & EAST PRUSSIA UNDER LUBLIN GOVT.

No Prospect Of Rapprochement Between London Poles And Warsaw

WARSAW, Friday:—(delayed)—The President of the Lublin National Council, M. Boleslaw Bierut, announced that Poland was immediately assuming control of the civil administration of Silesia and East Prussia.

M. Bierut said: "There is no basis for a rapprochement between the Poles in London and the Warsaw Government now or in the future."—Reuter.

CZECH GOVT. RETURNING VIA MOSCOW

LONDON, Feb. 4: The Czech and Yugoslav Governments will shortly leave London to begin functioning in their own countries.

Globe's diplomatic correspondent understands that the Czechs are only waiting for transport and for a final decision as to where their new headquarters will be.

Dr. Benes and his cabinet are expected to travel to Czechoslovakia via Moscow to establish contact with the Soviet authorities and arrange for supplies and communications, which will have to pass at least for a time over Soviet lines.

The Yugoslav Government is likely to leave in the middle of this week. The crisis over the Tito-Subasic agreement is regarded as practically settled and the only question remaining to be settled is that of personnel of the Regency Council.—Globe.

R.A.F. Attack On Hanover And Dortmund

LONDON, Feb. 5: Strong forces of R.A.F. bomber command last night in addition to the raid on Bonn also attacked two benzol plants in the Rhur, it is officially announced today.

Attacks were also made on Hanover and Dortmund. Four aircraft are missing.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

BRENNER PASS RLY. BOMBED

Allied Hq., Mediterranean, Feb 5: Mitchell bombers caused a landslide on the railway leading to Brenner Pass, vital communication link between Germany and Italy today. Thunderbolts cut the line in eight places, while two bridges were bombed. One received a direct hit and the approaches to the other were damaged.—Reuter.

Soviet Storms Berlin's Twin Defence Bastions

Stiff Fighting Along Outer Defences Of Frankfurt: Germans Face Isolation In E. Prussia

MOSCOW, February 5.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent Monday:—With the Oder bank east of Berlin believed to have been reached by the Red Army at several points, Marshal Zhukov staged a very powerful drive to split open the German defences between Frankfurt and Kuestrin, the twin defence bastions barring the roads to Berlin.

NAZIS THROWS IN MORE RESERVES

The Germans who in a determined bid hold the main body of Marshal Znukov's forces away from the Oder as long as possible today appeared to be continuing their attempts to bring more reserves over from the west bank.

The first stage of the Red Army's great drive on Berlin is now drawing to a close.

The second stage which will be the crossing of the Oder will open any time after the Soviet forces are securely lined along the east bank of the river.

The third and final stage—the storming of the Reich capital—may be expected as soon as more troops and supplies can be brought up to the front.

The elimination of the German pockets in East Russia and at Schneidemuehl and Poznan may be a necessary preliminary.

BATTLE FOR FRANKFURT

Stiff fighting continues along the outer defences of Frankfurt and there is no indication yet that Russians have been able to break into the east bank sectors of the city. Further north, the Bay of Danzig—the key area for the main German naval forces concentrated in the lower Baltic—is already beginning to become untenable for the Germans. In east Prussia complete isolation now facing the Germans is beginning to tell in increasing numbers coming out of the sand dunes and patches of woodland.

WHERE FREDERICK THE GREAT WAS DEFEATED

Marshal Zhukov's forces are today reported to be fighting on Kunersdorf battlefield, four miles east of Frankfurt, where Frederick the Great was defeated by the Russians in 1759.

BERLIN COMMUNIQUE

Today's (Monday) German communique says that Russians "on either side of Brieg (about 30 miles south-east of Breslau) have gone over to attack with strong forces from their Oder bridgeheads. Heavy fighting is going on.

On the rest of the Oder front, there was no material change. German naval craft repeatedly intervened in the fighting on the coast of East Prussia bringing relief to the army.

KONIEV'S ADVANCE

LONDON, Feb. 5.

The German News Agency today says that Marshal Koniev's men have reached the area north-east of Grottkau 12 miles west of Oder river.

Grottkau is about 25 miles north-west of Oppeln.—Reuter.

SOVIET SUBMARINES ACTIVE IN S. BALTIC

The Swedish newspaper "Expressen" says that Russian submarines are operating in the Southern Baltic and in waters between Scania (Southern Sweden) and Zealand to prevent transfer of the German Baltic Fleet from bases in Gdynia and Stetin to Bornholm, Zealand and ports in Southern Norway. The Swedish Admiralty has not yet obtained confirmation of the report.—Reuter.

DISRUPTION OF GERMAN NEWS SERVICE

LONDON: Germany's news service still shows signs of disruption, both on technical and editorial sides, after Saturday's giant American air force raid. Word "Schluss" (end) again appeared yesterday time and again on the German news agency tape instead of news material.—Reuter.

GERMAN BID TO STAVE OFF BATTLE FOR BERLIN

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent in Moscow, Monday).

Marshal Zhukov's Army Group ranged on the Oder valley on a forty-mile front from the north of Kuestrin to south of Frankfurt today opened artillery and air bombardment of German defence positions on the west bank of the Oder. The Germans making their last big effort to stave off the battle for Berlin have now fully manned their west bank defences according to latest reports.

While Soviet heavy artillery has gone into action against the German Oder defences, bombers and Stormoviks are pounding river crossings especially in Kuestrin area where the Russians are making a bid to cut off the fortress completely from the west. Storming of Frankfurt, meanwhile, must wait for Zhukov's crossing of the Oder. The town proper lies on the left bank end is connected with the right bank suburb of Namm by a 500-foot long bridge.

The Red Army's pressure against the Germans constantly maintained since the Warsaw breakthrough has not slackened in the past few days.—Reuter.

LE CLERC AND KOENIG PROMOTED

PARIS, Feb. 5: General De Gaulle has promoted Generals Le Clerc and Koenig to be Commanders of the Order of Legion Honour.

"KISAN" EDITOR FINED

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 5.

A full bench of the Kolhapur High Court sentenced today the editor of the "Kisan" published at Icalkaranji to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment for contempt of court.

The Bench added in the course of the judgment that the sentence was reduced to the minimum as the editor tendered an apology.—United Press.

BHARAT
FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE LIMITED.
DELHI.
Chairman: SETH R. DALMIA
Secretary: Mr. P. P. GUPTA
Last Year Results a Record
THE MOST PROGRESSIVE INSURANCE HOUSE WITH
DYNAMIC BUSINESS ORGANISATION, FARSIGHTED & SKILLED UNDERWRITING ECONOMIC & EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION
All Classes of FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE
Transacted
BOMBAY BRANCH
Bharat Buildings,
Telegrams: "BHARATFIRE" — 15-A, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. — Telephone: 31038

Build Health A Joy

Is a Powerful Agent in stimulating general body resistance. It increases the detoxifying functions and promotes blood Coagulating substances.

LACTOLAN PUT YOU RIGHT

CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH
9 CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, : CALCUTTA

Bombay Agents:
M/s. International Surgical Co., Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

Shalimar

Whenever a difficult painting job presents itself, seek the expert advice of the makers of Shalimar.

PAINTS - ENAMELS - VARNISHES

TURNER MORRISON & CO., LTD., 16, BANK STREET, BOMBAY.

YOU CAN SOON GET RID OF THESE SKIN TROUBLES

RING WORM
ECZEMA
PIMPLES
BOILS
RASH ETC

USE GERMEX THE ANTISEPTIC HEALING OINTMENT

GERMEX

Tea Time—
In Western India

The rich coast-lands of Gujerat contrast with the stony plateau of the Deccan which is the main part of Maharashtra. The people are hard workers, whether on their farms or as professional and business men in the cities.

Gujerati and Maharashtrian families share many customs. One of these is the stimulating cup of hot tea which begins the day, after the morning bath. The tea is usually brewed in a china pot, milk and sugar are added to individual taste, and fruit is often an accompaniment—especially in country places, where the first meal of the day is taken about noon.

As in other parts of India, Brooke Bond fresh tea is a hot favourite in the country above and below the Western Ghats.

Brooke Bond

"Two Leaves and a Bud"

UNDER RUSSIA'S LEADERSHIP

Balkan Federation In Offing

LONDON:—A new chapter in the Balkans and European history has begun with the recent announcement of a plan for the formation of new federation in Yugoslavia, with the six autonomous districts of Serbia, Croatia, Slovakia Bosnia, Montenegro and Macedonia. If the plan materialises, it would emerge as the strongest state in the Balkans. A Balkan federation to include Bulgaria and Rumania is likely the next step, before the big three meet again. It is stated that Russian political control of Balkans would be consolidated.

Big pictures of Stalin and Tito with Yugoslavia's Red Star and Russian hammer and sickle are appearing in every shop window in Belgrade. Tito has already ordered 2,000 industrial and commercial enterprises and several banks and 30,000 farms to be nationalised. He has promised amnesty to all Chetniks who will surrender before January end.—India Press Service.

VISCOUNTESS ASTOR ADMIRES RUSSIAN COMMUNISM!

LONDON, (By Mail):—Viscountess Astor (M.P. Cons.) the once sworn enemy of Communism made news the other day. She publicly spoke for Russian Communism. In an interview to correspondents, on her completing the 25th anniversary of her parliamentary career, she said:—"Communism in Russia has taught the people to read. A people cannot think or reach God until they learn to read. I do not dislike Russian Communism. It has changed the European policy of keeping the people poor and ignorant". She remarked:—"Look at Spain and Italy" but added:—"I would not be caught dead with a British Communist".—India Press Service.

New Industrial Prospects For Iraq

NEW YORK, Feb. 2: Mr. Meer S. Basri, of the Baghdad Chamber of Commerce, told the Commerce and Industry Association of New York that Iraq will probably become a member of the Arab bloc of nations. Declaring that American and British capital and expert knowledge would be needed to develop the country's resources, he foresaw the possibility of establishing thriving cement, cotton textile, sugar, paper, leather and food industries after the war.—Globe.

MAN WHO CONVICTED MATA HARI

PARIS, Feb. 2: Capt Andre Mornet, prosecuting counsel who sent famous spy Mata Hari to the firing-squad in 1918, has been chosen as Chief Prosecutor for the trials of members of the Vichy Government.

At 75, his flaming beard and flowing hair have whitened but his fighting spirit is unchanged.

First to come before the court will be Admiral Estova, former Resident-General of Tunisia, on a charge of high treason. On February 25 Mornet will formally accuse him of placing all the resources of Tunisia at the disposal of Rommel and later fleeing with the German forces.

Next will be General Dentz, former Military Governor of Paris and later High Commissioner for Syria.

It is understood that Laval himself will be retried, although he has already been condemned to death by the Marseilles Court.—"Globe."

CANCELLATION OF DEPORTATION ORDER URGED.

(From Our Correspondent.)
RATLAM, (By Mail.)

Mr. Phoolchand Parewa who had been deported from Ratlam State under Rule 26-A of the Defence of India Rules, in last month, has now sent two representations to the Maharaja and the Dewan of Ratlam requesting them to cancel the deportation order, Mr. Phoolchand has requested the Maharaja and the Dewan that if within a period of 15 days he will not receive any order he will be compelled to disobey the order by entering the State limits and will face all consequences.

Ahmedabad Tenants' Plight

A petition has been prepared and signed by a large number of residents of Ahmedabad who are tenants, detailing their plight and the harassment they are subjected to by a number of landlords. It is being submitted, among others, to prominent persons, whose attention they desire to draw to their long-standing grievances.

In the course of the petition the signatories describe the highhandedness of these landlords, in increasing rents, and forcing the tenants to vacate premises, under various pretexts, as 'goondaism', and the landlords' 'zoolum' is characterised as "unprecedented in the whole of India."

As the petitioners suggest many of the landlords in Ahmedabad are capitalists, and such other influential persons, from whom "as the experience of many years past teaches them", no relief could be expected.

It is pointed out that there are no chances of erecting new buildings in Ahmedabad, in the near future, so unless and until there is a change of heart on the part of the landlords, who would see the wisdom of giving up their "blood-sucking" tactics and consider their tenants as their brothers and let them live peacefully, there is no hope of relief for tenants. The petition ends:—

"Let those who doubt visit Ahmedadbad, the town well-known to Mahatmaji and Sardar Vallbhbhai, and satisfy themselves of the condition prevailing there". The petitioners hope and pray to prominent persons "to come to their aid and show them the right path", otherwise they threaten to resort to either "non-payment of rents or resort to peaceful satyagraha", in order to have their grievances redressed.

SERVICE OF NASIK ABORIGINES

Efforts For Welfare Work Among Them

(From A Correspondent)

Mr. A. V. Thakkar, Vice-President of the Servants of India Society paid a visit to the Western hilly part of the Nasik District to see the welfare work being done by Dang Seva Mandal, an organisation at work since the year 1937. He was accompanied in his four days' tour by Mr. Hire of Malegaon, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, L. M. Shrikant of Bhil Seva Mandal, Dohad, S. V. Thakkar of West Khandesh and Messrs. Vasant Naik and Wamanrao Yardi of Nasik and Dr. Joshi of Kalwan.

MISS LETHEM'S WORK

The organisation was started by late Miss Lethem, who was the pioneer of this work and Mr. D. M. Bidker of Gandhi Seva Sangh. It is working in the three Talukas of Baglan, Kalwan and Peint, the last two of which are Partially Excluded from the operation of 1935 Act. Miss Lethem of past 75 years of age started the work earnestly with a few schools in the villages in the interior untouched by District Local Board and with a dispensary where no medical facilities existed. Strong though she was, she succumbed in the year 1939 at the age of nearly 80 due to old age and bad climate. Mr. Bidker then took up the work in his own hands as the soul of the Dang Seva Mandal. Mr. Hire, the able lawyer of Malegaon and a leading Congressman is the President of the Mandal and Messrs. V. L. Mehta of Bombay and Lalchand Hirachand M.L.A. of Ravalgaon and the Collector of Nasik (Ex. Officio) and Kaka Saheb Gadre and several others are the members of this Mandal.

EDUCATIONAL WORK

The Mandal runs 61 primary voluntary schools in the Hilly and forest areas of the three Talukas and gives rudiments of knowledge to 1,600 boys and 166 girls. The schools receive ordinary as well as special grants from the Government Educational Department. It also conducts a free hostel for Bhil and Konkani boys at the Hill Fort town of Mulhu, Taluka Baglan.

The number of inmates is 32 and they are clothed, fed and provided with books etc. free and they read in higher classes above the fourth standard vernacular. Another hostel for 22 boys is opened since the last two months in hilly village of Delwat in Kalwan Taluka attached to the Mandal's own schools, no D.L.B. School exists here and the boys in the school read upto 4th standard. Three Bhil boys are reading in the High English School at Sattana. The Mandal runs 16 grain depots in 16 villages serving about half a dozen villages in each Depot.

Loans of grain are given for food and seed to Bhil and Konkani agriculturists, and recovered with 25 per cent addition at the time of harvest the addition forming a part of the common property. A grain depot has been endowed by Sir Chunilal V. Mehta. Medical aid is given by teachers of 16 schools for the benefit of the villages in case of common diseases. Cash loans are also advanced for the purchase of bullocks of indigent peasants. For the special work of medical relief of the Tribal people in the malarious Talukas, a sum of Rs. 1,500 has been donated recently by Sheth Dharamsee Khatau and Rs. 500 through Mr. Narijapa the Collector of Nasik.

UNCARED FOR BHILS

Though the Talukas of Kalwan and Peint are predominantly Tribal, very little care has yet been taken by the Bombay Government so far. This tract of Nasik is more backward than similar Bhil area of West Khandesh and Thana. It is regretted that absolutely no special facilities have been provided by Government for these uncared for people. The ad-hoc committee appointed by Government in 1942 for suggesting ways and means for spending a sum of Rs. 25 lakhs from the special development funds suggested free hostels for Boys and girls. It is very deplorable that though two years have passed since the report was accepted by Government not a Pie has been spent either for schools or hostels or for any other work. The climate and condition of Peint is so bad and want of roads and good drinking water is so great that hardly any officer of a higher grade visits the village in the Taluka.

WANTED BUILDING

The Dang Seva Mandal, Satana is badly in need of a pucca building for a hostel at Mulher. The land measuring about 6 acres has already been donated by the Deshmukh of Mulher for the purpose. The buildings are estimated to cost Rs. 11,070, for accommodating the present number. It is also necessary to provide one good dispensary and two itinerent ones to serve the people in the hills who never get any medical help and who are constantly suffering from malaria. A girls' hostel is also required to be started with 20 inmates. The present annual expenditure of the mandal is about 18,000 of which about 12,000 is met by Grants leaving an annual deficit of Rs. 6,000.

All-India Women's Conference Khar-Santa Cruz Branch

(From Our Correspondent.)

The Khar-Santa Cruz Branch of the All-India Women's Conference during the year ending 1944, have done good work in various fields.

The Branch appointed Sub-Committees during the year to work in selected fields.

The Harijan Chawls were regularly visited by the workers to explain the sanitary principles. Regular contribution of Medicines were supplied by the Committee to the Harijan Hospital.

Literacy classes were conducted in Khar Mahar Colony for women and children.

The Sewing Committeee took up teh task of preparing 5,000 garments for Bijapur, and Bengal famine stricken people. The Emergency Relief Committee of the Branch collected Rs. 4,535 to be sent to Bombay Bijapur Famine Relief Committee and Ramkrishna Mission.

Money, Grain and Cloth were also collected for relief to be supplied to the sufferers in the Bombay Dock Explosion in April 1944.

The annual election of office-bearers for the current year will take place on 30th instant.

The Prince of Berar laid the foundation stone of the Tungabhadra reservoir on the Hyderabad side on January 28.—A. P.

HOW TO END POLITICAL DEADLOCK

Dr. Davar's Formula

Dr. M. C. Davar, Secretary General of the United Party of India has issued the following formula for communal settlement and for resolving the present deadlock.

FOR POLITICAL DEADLOCK.

(1) Government should withdraw Sir R. Tottenham's booklet "Congress responsibility."

(2) The Congress should withdraw the Satyagraha compaign as embodied in the resolution of the 8th August, 1942.

(3) The British Government should solemnly declare "Independence" at the end of the war.

(4) Government should release all political prisoners unconditionally and immediately.

(5) A National Government embracing all parties should be formed at the Centre without further delay.

(6) The major political parties should unequivocally declare their intentions of supporting the war efforts.

(7) A War Council should be set up which should be composed of various representative bodies of the country.

FOR COMMUNAL SETTLEMENT.

(1) Coalition Government should be formed in all the provinces in which Muslims and other minorities should have a fair share of the responsibility.

(2) Readjustments of the provincial borders to alleviate differences between the minorities and majorities.

(3) Provincial Governments should have more powers than that they are enjoying at present.

(4) Provinces should function as independent units but should have ties and connections with the Central Governing body.

(5) The Central Government should function with a Legislature constituted of members who are also members of the different provincial assemblies.

(6) Muslims and Hindus should have equal representation in the Central Government with other minorities to make up the balance. For instance, if there are 13 members of the Central Government, there may be 5 Hindus and 5 Muslims and the remaining 3 may be other minorities.

(7) In the Central Legislature, too, the ratio given above should be followed.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN NOTES

Greater Bombay Scheme

(From Our Correspondent.)
VILE PARLE, Feb. 2.

A few days ago, the Government of Bombay informed the Bombay Municipal Corporation that they were appointing a Committee to co-ordinate the activities of the various authorities in Bombay City and Greater Bombay in connection with post-war development in order to prevent wasteful overlapping and possibly undesirable competition in their respective plans and asked the Corporation to elect two representatives to sit on this Committee which in turn could appoint separate panels to advise them on different subjects to be considered. Government intend to take on this Committee representatives of the Chambers of Commerce, Corporation, Port Trust, B. E. S. T. and the Military authorities, but there is no representative of Bombay Suburban District, although it is vitally interested. Of course there is no central body which can speak with authority on behalf of Greater Bombay, but there are a number of municipalities and the District Board which can be called upon to select a suitable representative to give expression to suburban view-point. The President of the District Local Board, Andheri, has, therefore, done well in drawing the attention of Government to this drawback and has requested them to give the District a proper representation on this Committee over which Mr. Taunton will preside. It is hoped that Government would accede to this reasonable request and co-opt on the Committee a representative of Greater Bombay.

KURLA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The new elections of the Kurla Municipality which is the oldest civic body in the suburbs having been founded in 1877, will take place shortly and the rate-payers and tenants will be asked to send 28 representatives from the different wards. Out of these, 7 will be Moslems elected by a separate communal electorate, and 4 Harijans, 2 Indian Christians and 1 woman member from the non-Mahomedan general electorate. On account of awakened civic consciousness in recent years, the elections are expected to be keenly contested. The Moslem Leaguers as well as the Hindu Sabhaites are straining every nerve to get the best men on the municipality. It is not known what the attitude of the local Congressmen is going to be, but it is expected that they too will take active part in the coming elections.

MEHTA APPRECIATION FUND.

Bombay Suburbanites will be gratified to learn that their esteemed friend and public worker, Mr. Jaishukhlal Mehta of Santa Cruz will shortly be presented with a Purse by the members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, of which he has been Secretary ever since 1907. Born in 1884, Mr. Mehta soon after graduation was pursuaded by the late Sir Manmohandas Ramji and others to join the Chamber as its Secretary, which position he has occupied with great distinction till to-day. During this period of 40 years, the increase in the number of members of the Chamber has been accompanied by an increase in prestige and authority of the Chamber no less remarkable and a good deal of the credit for the same goes to Mr. Mehta. Even after doing this exacting work for the Chamber, it is surprising how Mr. Mehta could find time to work either as President of the Suburban District Congress Committee or as Chairman of the Notified Area Committee of Santa Cruz for several years. His work as Vice-President of the Bandra Municipality for nearly six years was memorable. A sum of two lakhs of rupees has already been collected by a special committee appointed for the purpose.

PRINTING AND DYEING WORKS OWNERS' ASSN.—A statement is issued by J. Secretary, the Prtg. and Dyeing Works Owner's Assn., Bombay, on the situation of the Cottage industry of Hand-Printing and Hand-Dyeing and Embroidery Works in the city, in the course of which it is observed that this cottage industry of India, which could develop to a little extent owing to the absence of imports chiefly from Japan, the most competitive country; is put to a critical situation due to the restrictions and orders imposed by the Textile Control Authorities without having any consideration for its maintenance. When it had no hopes of getting cloth at controlled rates after waiting for long time, we are compelled to become instruments of black marketeers, as one after another works are being closed for want of cloth and thus this industry is about to face a crisis.

THROUGH PHYSICAL FITNESS TO DEEDS OF GLORY

The heights of greatness and glory reached by men of action were not achieved by brains alone, but by brawn as well. Shivaji's clever strategy, his exceptional leadership, his ability to out-think and out-general his opponents . . . all these and *perfect physical fitness* too, enabled him to win many a battle and establish his Maratha Kingdom.

FOR PHYSICAL FITNESS TAKE HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT

Hemo-Drakso-Malt is a universal tonic for men, women and children. Its glycero-phosphates strengthen the nerves; its iron and hæmoglobin help formation of new blood and its malt pepsin and grape juice improve digestion, create appetite for food and tone up the whole digestive system, giving the entire body greater vigour and new vitality.

Keep fit with Hemo-Drakso-Malt

Alembic Distributors Ltd.,
P. O. Box No. 213 A, Bombay 1.

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD., BARODA
AL. 280. A.

someone talks carelessly—

...and the enemy skilfully pieces together the information

Next week, or next month these careless words may cost India thousands worth of vital Civil Supplies—even lives

Do not underestimate either the cleverness or the patience of the enemy agents in our midst. They work on tiny scraps of information. Painstakingly they piece them together—an overheard telephone call in Delhi—half a letter found on a Bombay railway station—a chance remark heard in a Calcutta restaurant. These, put together, may mean a divisional move in Burma or a convoy starting date in Karachi.

Beware the long ears of the enemy

Resolve to say NOTHING which could possibly help the enemy. Never discuss troop movements, armaments, shipping arrivals and departures.

By doing this you can save ships and sailors' lives. You can act as a protector of our lines of communication—you can help to assure the safe arrival of Civil Supplies.

Issued by the National War Front
BAA 1342

make certain it isn't YOU

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

JWAR BHATA

BT BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE

Produced & Directed by— AMIYA CHAKRABARTY. Starring—Mridula, Shamim, Agha Jan, Dilip Kumar and Mumtaz Ali

Daily—4, 7 & 10 p.m. Advance booking 9-30 a.m. to 12 noon. 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.

10TH WEEK MAJESTIC

Also running at Vasant Talkies, POONA.

Advance booking starts tomorrow. Daily: 10-30 to 12 and 4-30 to 6 p.m.

SILVER FILMS

BARE NAWAB SAHEB

Starring: Chandramohan, Pramila, Pahari Sanyal, Bibbo & others.

Producer: PRAMILA

FRIDAY 9th Feb.

AT

TAJ Daily: 1-45, 4-30, 7-15 & 10-15 p.m.

'HOUSE FULL' EVERY SHOW AT IMPERIAL. Daily: 4-15, 7, 10 p.m. See Your Darling arch-villain YAKUB playing the HERO for the FIRST time in his life in D-R-D Productions' Ltd.

"AINA" First 'HAPPY-DIAMOND' Release.

Directed by S. M. YUSUF Story by the Popular playwright Prabhulal Dwivedi.

YESHODHARA, KAUSHALYA, GOPE, RAJKUMARI, HUSNBANU, TRILOKE.

PLANS OPEN: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6.

The Star of Stars RAMOLA in JAYANT DESAI'S

LALKAR

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.

9TH WEEK OF CROWDS

NEW WEST END

8th WEEK

LAL HAVELI

K. B. Lall's Successful Social Surendra & Nur Jahan

CAPITOL

Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m. Sunday Holidays 1 p.m.

Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5 p.m.

RAMAKRISHNA ANNIVERSARY

Celebration In City And Khar

The 110th Anniversary of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa Deva will be celebrated in the City and at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar on February 17 and 18.

The following is the programme for Saturday, February 17 at 6-15 Public meeting at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. President: Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Musical Entertainment by: Mr. Prabodh Chandra De Miss Renuka Roy and others Speeches by: Dr. J. C. Chatterjee, Mr. S. S. Kavlekar, and Swami Sambuddhananda and others. Closing Song by: Mr. Prabodh Chandra De. Thanksgiving:

Programme for Sunday Feb. 18 at Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar: 7 to 9 a.m. Usha Kirtan, Vedic Chants etc. (Chorus) 9 to 10 a.m. Music, 11 to 1 p.m. Distribution of cash or kind to the Daridra Narayanas. 3 to 4 p.m. Arati in Dance by: Prof Banabehari Maity. Music by: Man Das Gupta and Party. 4 to 6 p.m Kirtan by: Principal S. V. Dandekar, M.A., of Ramnarain Ruia College, 6 to 7-30 p.m. Song by: Mr Sarat Chandra Arolkar, Gandharvavaina. Mr. R. C. Pal, Speeches by: Mr. B. G. Kher, J K. Mehta, Prof G. C. Bannerjee of Elphinstone College and others, 7-30 to 8 p.m. Musical Entertainments: Chorus by a band of boys. Distribution of Prasad

BUY "FAMILY DOCTOR" whole set Rs. 5 with gift Certified by Doctors.

Purgotone, Fever Foe & Cough tablets. Write To:—PURGOTONE CO., AHMEDABAD (1).

Daily 4 Shows

THERE is NO Equal to it!

FAZLI BROS' Film Depicting Romance after Marriage!

ISMAT

MEHTAB, (Courtesy Minerva) NARGIS, NANDREKER, etc.

A Pearl Release

Director: S. FAZLI

FULL HOUSES

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4 Shows 1-45, 4-30, 7-15 & 10

Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 4-30 to 6 p.m.

Free list suspended

IT'S TOPS! NEW THEATRES' STAR SENSATION of the SEASON!

MY SISTER SAIGAL & SUMITRA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m. CENTRAL Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.

Another FAMOUS Release!

25TH WEEK

DASSI AT MINERVA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sat. Sun. Holidays

Advance Booking 10 to 12 for Boxes and Balcony

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 9, 2001.
Muslim: Safar 22, 1364.
Parsi: Shehrever 6, 1314.
Sunrise: 8-11 a.m. Sunset: 7-35 p.m.
Hightide: 5-32, 19-57.
Lowtide: 12-46, 24-58.

To-day's Engagements

GATHA SOCIETY: Mr. Rustam N. D. Banaji, to speak to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m., at the Cama Institute.

WILSON COLLEGE: Sir Bomanji J. Wadia, Vice-Chancellor, Bombay University, will unveil the portrait of Dr. John McKenzie, ex-Principal, Wilson College, in the Wilson College Hall, at 6-15 p.m., to-day (Tuesday).

"ANSWERING YOU": Mr. R. Mathalone, Mr. J. J. Bhabha and Mr. R. Hawkins will participate in "Answering You" to be broadcast to-day (Tuesday), at 9-45 p.m., from All-India Radio, Bombay. Prof. R. Choksi will be Question Master, on 244 and 61.48 metres.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE: Annual social gathering to-day (Tuesday), at 4 p.m., in the Cama Oriental Institute's Hall. Dr. John Mathai will preside.

PORTRAIT UNVEILING CEREMONY

Sir Bomanji J. Wadia, Bar-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor will unveil the portrait of Dr. John McKenzie, ex-Principal of Wilson College in the Wilson College Hall, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m.

3 ARTS SPECIAL CINEMA SHOW, on Saturday, at 4 p.m., at the Central Cinema Studio, Tardeo. The Information Films of India will provide arts, crafts, cultural and topical films of 8 reels.

MANGALOREAN C. M. W. ASSOCIATION: The Mangalorean Catholics' Mutual Welfare Association, Bombay, offered its second annual Thanksgiving Mass at the St. Anne's Church, Mazagon, in honour of its Patron, St. John Bosco, on Sunday last.

Rev. Fr. Tuens, S.C., of the Don Bosco Institution, Matunga, spoke on the occasion.

NORTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY: The following gentlemen have been elected Office-bearers of the Association: President: Mr. H. L. Bedi, Vice-Presidents: Messrs. Professor P. L. Oberai and Prithvi Raj Kapur, Secretary: Professor G. S. Bal, Joint Secretary: Mr. R. P. Kumar, Members: Lala Atma Ram Khosala, Sardar Naihal Singh Giani and Mr. Jagan Nath Jaini.

COST OF VEGETABLES AT GOVERNMENT SHOPS.

The following vegetables are sold at selected Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District (the rates are per lb.):—Dudhi, Re. 0-1-6; Cabbage, Re. 0-1-0; Tur Seng, Re. 0-1-6; Brinjal (smelly), Re. 0-2-0; Tomatoes (raw), Re. 0-1-6; Tomatoes (ripe), Re. 0-2-0; Valor Pandi, Re. 0-2-6, Bhendi Re. 0-5-0; Cucumber, Re. 0-2-6; Turia, Re. 0-2-0; Cauliflower, Re. 0-2-6; Suran, Re. 0-2-0; Kothmir, Re. 0-3-0 per bundle; Beet-root, Re. 0-1-0 to Re. 0-3-0 each according to size.

TIME-BARRED CLOTH SEIZED.

A total of 2,76,425 yards of time-barred cloth have so far been seized in Bombay City. Out of this, 23,969 yards were seized during the last week when Inspectors of the Provincial Textile Controller's Office visited 420 shops and 15 godowns. They also seized 1,600 lb.—of time-barred yarn.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION KARACHI: At the annual general meeting of the Association held recently, the following office-bearers were elected for the year 1945: President: Rao Saheb C. A. Sundaram Iyer: Vice-President: Mr S. Parameswaran: Hon. Secretary: Mr. G. Lakshmanan; Hon. Treasurer: Mr. R. R. Rao.

Petrol Prices Reduced

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5: With effect from February 5, 1945, the Government of India have authorised a reduction in the price of motor spirit from Rs. 1-14-6 to Rs. 1-13-0 per gallon.

The prices of superior and inferior kerosene remain unchanged.—A. P.

CITY CORPORATION ADJOURNS.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Monday to mourn the loss of Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson, the well-known American prohibitionist. Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar moved the resolution and Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta seconded it.

The house was adjourned by the Mayor till Thursday.

Governor Attends Dog Show

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Governor of Bombay visited the Kennel Club Dog Show at the Cooperage and gave away the prizes.—A. P.

Adi-Dravida Mahajana Sangh

The Bombay South Indian Adi-Dravida Mahajana Sangh gave a reception to Sjt. Hari Sarvothama Rao, ex-M.L.C., Chairman South Indian Adult Education Association, Madras and General Secretary, Andhra Mahasabha, on Sunday at Dharavi. Mr. N. N. Aiyar, presided. Mr. Aivar introduced the guest to the members, and referred to his great social service in Madras. Mr. Rau addressing the audience gave out his experiences in the field of social welfare work and laid stress on the spreading of literacy which alone in his opinion could lead to salvation. The South Indian Adult Education Association was working for this cause and a centre has been opened in Dharavi.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Feb. 6.

BOMBAY—I.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 B. V. Pendharkar. 8-45 AIR Trio. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Vaar Bai. 9-35 Bhajan. 9-50 Alap and Gat.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Songs. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Film Music. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Lunch Music (E). 4-20 School Broadcast. 5-0 China at War (G). 5-15 N. D. Tambe Shastry. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 Children's Half-Hour (G). 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 Commentary (G) 6-50 Film Music. 7-0 Uddhottar Hindustan (M). 7-15 Role of Commonwealth Nations (E). 7-30 Mohan Karve 7-40 P. S. Khopkar. 7-45 Vaar Bai. 8-5 Gujarati Geet. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 B. V. Pendharkar. 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-45 Answering You (E). 10-15 Marion Cheetham (E). 10-30 Hertha Becker. 10-45 Tuna Portuguesa with Renee De Cunha.

ENFORCE TWO 'NO-MEAT' DAYS PER WEEK

Sarojini Opens All-India Women's Council's "Milk Week"

The enforcement of two "No-meat days per week, as a step towards the preservation of the cattle-wealth of India and thus augmenting the milk resources of the country was suggested by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in the course of a short speech at the naugural meeting of the "Milk Week" organised by the All-India Women's Council.

The meeting was held at Anand Bhawan, Vithalbhai Patel Road. It was presided over by Lady Ramarao and was addressed by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Srimati Kamaladevi Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Malinibai Sukthankar, Mrs. Hirabai Dikshit and Mrs. Vimla Ranadive.

Mrs. Naidu referred to her visit to Calcutta and said that she was amazed to find the sweetmeat stalls full of the famous Benga sweets. Out of the milk taken from the mouths of starving children, "Rasgollas" were being made for the delectation of "Sethias". This was a crying shame.

If children were denied milk, how would they grow up into manhood, she asked. How would they become civilised? How would they fight for freedom? How would they build a future world? This was a question that every mother should take up and she was confident that a strong agitation by mothers could move the Government into action.

Sri Kamaladevi said that the adequate provision of milk was no new problem in India. Along with shortage of foodstuffs, India had long felt a shortage of milk. There was a crying need to do propaganda to get people to use more milk. But with the progress of the war the problem had assumed a poignant aspect. Therefore she appealed for support to the campaign undertaken by the Women's Council.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi called for a comprehensive scheme for tackling the whole question. If there were a national government she was sure the problem would have been tackled effectively. That did not, however absolve them from carrying on a campaign for the supply of pure milk at cheap rates.

Lady Ramarao urged provision of free milk to families of persons drawing less than Rs. 50 per month and to all children attending Municipal Schools, the extension of the milk scheme to the Greater Bombay area; opening of factories in surplus areas for manufacture of dry milk and steps for preservation of cattle.

WILL OF HINDU DOCTOR IN FAVOUR OF PARSI LADY

Probate Refused

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Divatia)

Mrs. Roda Framroze Mody—Appellant (Original Plaintiff)

VS.

1. Mrs. Kanta Vaijiwandas Saraiya 2. Baj Manoramabai widow of Hiralal M. Mody—Respondents (Original Defendants 2 and 3).

This was an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Kania dated 7th December last refusing probate of a will dated 15th October 1942 of a Hindu doctor of Bombay one Hiralal M. Mody who died on 21st October 1942 leaving estate worth Rs. 45,000. The deceased had married the caveatrix Manoramabai on 7th September 1942 and had made an earlier will on 6th October 1942 by which he left everything to his wife.

The appellant's case was that on 18th October 1942 the deceased came to her flat as she was about to leave for a cinema show, and gave her an envelope to keep. On opening it she found that it was his will and that by it he had left one-tenth to the Petit Library and the rest of his entire estate to her, though she could give no reason why he did so. The appellant was a Parsi lady residing at Windsor Chamber, Cowasji Patel Street. Both she and her husband were friends of the deceased.

In propounding this will as executrix according to its tenor, one Khanderao Somne one of the attesting witnesses gave evidence in the trial court of his own attestation and of the testator having acknowledged his signature to him and stated that he would get some one else's attestation to it afterwards.

The trial judge held that there was no evidence of due attestation by the second attesting witness and that this had to be proved under Section 63 (c) of the Succession Act which laid down that a Will must be attested by at least two witnesses. The trial judge was of opinion that Section 68 of the Evidence did not affect what was to be proved under Section 63 (c) but merely laid down a mode of proof by which it is sufficient to call only one attesting witness, if that witness is able to depose also to due attestation by the second attesting witness. The trial judge further held that in any event he was not impressed by the evidence of Somne and dismissed the appellant's petition with costs. The first respondent was a sister of the deceased who had filed a caveat merely requiring that they will be proved in solemn form.

On appeal it was contended on behalf of the appellant that the trial judge erred in law in requiring evidence of due execution by the second attesting witness and thus failing to give due effect to section 68 of the Evidence Act.

The Appeal Court agreed with the judgment of the trial judge that the will was not proved according to the requirements of Section 63 of the Succession Act as only one witness was called to prove due execution when that witness could depose to nothing about the second witness since both of them were not present together. The Appeal Court agreed with the Full Bench decision of the Allahabad High Court reported in 54 All. 1051 to the effect that if the validity of a will is challenged then the propounder must establish all the requirements of Section 63 (c) of the Succession Act. In their Lordships' opinion the important words in Section 68 of the Evidence Act are "one attesting witness at least" and the Section deals only with the quantum of evidence.

The appeal was therefore dismissed with costs but the order for costs of the court below was varied to the extent that the costs of both the sides as between attorney and client were directed to come out of the estate.

Mr. P. P. Khambatta and Mr. B. M. Mistry instructed by Messrs. Alreja and Co. appeared for the appellant.

Mr. K M. Vakil instructed by Messrs. Natubhai Jamietram and Madon appeared for the first respondent.

Mr. F. J. Coltman and Mr. S. G. Tendulkar instructed by Messrs. Joshi and Co. appeared for the second respondent.

Dance Recitals By Gopinath And Party

At popular request, Gopinath and party who had been specially invited for recitals at the Vikramaditya Dance Week are giving two recitals at Sunderabai Hall, on Wednesday, 7th and Thursday, 8th instant, at 6-45 p.m., under the patronage of Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Munshi. It will be a good opportunity to those who have missed their high class performance at the All-India Dance Week. The rates are specially fixed at popular prices.

UNIQUE DANCE IN AID OF HORNIMAN JUBILEE FUND

Recital At Sunderabai Hall Today

Bombay has among its teaming millions, a great and brilliant journalist, a generous man, a staunch and fearless fighter for all good causes, and above all a true and sincere friend of India in Mr. Benjamin Guy Horniman. He is the distinguished editor of the "Bombay Sentinel" that popular evening paper, the rich fear, the poor admire but both clamour for after office hours.

Mr. B. G. Horniman will be finishing 50 years of his journalistic career at the end of the year. In order to celebrate his Golden Jubilee, Bombay, has once again come forward to present this literary stalwart with a purse, thereby showing her heartfelt and grateful appreciation for all his great services to Bombay in particular and India in general.

Ram Gopal, the world famous Indian dancer has very kindly consented to give a recital in aid of the Fund at Sunderabai Hall on February the 6th at 6-30 p.m. supported by his partners Shrimati Janki and Miss Jer Jussawala. Here is a splendid opportunity for all Bombay to come forward not only to witness a really great artist but also to appreciate one of India's greatest and sincerest friends.

The tickets are priced at Rs. 10, Rs. 6/8, Rs. 5 and Rs. 2/8 which can be had from Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala or Industrial Assurance Building, Tel No. 31181 or 41032.

Donations will be also gratefully received.

The management requests all patrons of this show to be in their seats punctually at 6-15 p.m. Ticket can be had at the door from 4 p.m to-day

Jamsaheb Favours "India First" Idea!

The Indian Education Society, Dadar, celebrated its Society Day on Sunday, under the presidentship of H. H. Jamsaheb of Nawanagar.

The Maharaja expressed his views on education showed how Kathiawad women have so far proved the leaders of India in giving birth to such people as Mahatma Gandhi etc., He advised the youth of India to stand up to the ideal of the title of the Society—The Indian Education Society—India first.

Ceylon Food Controller For Bombay

MADRAS, Feb. 5: Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, Civil Defence Commissioner and Food Controller, Ceylon, who along with Mr. K. Vaithialingam Commissioner, Ceylon Supplies Organisation, is on a tour of India is leaving Madras tomorrow for Bombay 'en route' to New Delhi.—A. P

Hindu Law Committee In City Today

POONA, Feb. 5.

The Hindu Law Committee concluded its work in Poona to-day and left for Bombay. After recording the evidence of some witnesses from Ahmedabad and Gujerat to-morrow at Bombay, the Committee will leave for Delhi the same day. In the absence of Sir B. N. Rau, the Chairman, Dr. M. R. Jayakar presided over to-day's proceedings.—A. P.

BENGAL BELTING MADE IN INDIA For Strength & Grip

BENGAL HOSE FOR WATERING and FIRE FIGHTING

Managing Agents: S. K. ROY & CO., LTD 2, Dalhousie Square, East. CALCUTTA.

Phone: Cal. 5569, 4606

Sole Selling Agents:— Bombay Presidency Central Province The Punjab, Sind, Karachi, Baluchistan and Native States

THE BENGAL BOMBAY AGENCY, LTD., 11, Bank Street, Fort BOMBAY.

CHEMO-MAG THE BRAND OF MILK OF MAGNESIA 60% Rs. 9/96 per doz. 12-oz. Bottle As. -/15/- per 4-oz. Bottle

AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS

FREE

DIARY CALENDAR 1945

In order to popularise our New Gold ornaments we have decided to give one calendar for the year 1945 free. Write to-day for samples of ornaments and Calendar. LONDON COMMERCIAL CO., (B. C.) Post Box 195 LAHORE.

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

(Incorporated in Baroda Limited Liability of Members being limited)

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H H THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR

Capital Authorised	Rs	2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	Rs.	2,00,00,000
Capital Called-Up	Rs	1,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up 31-8-44)	Rs	99,99,930
Reserve Fund	Rs	1,00,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA

BRANCHES

Ahmedabad (Bhadra), Ahmedabad (Panchkuva), Amreli, Bhavnagar, Bilimora, Bombay (Fort), Bombay (Zaveri Bazar), Calcutta, Dabhoi, Dhulia, Dwarka, Hansi, Jalgaon (E. Khandesh), Kandivli, Kapadwanj, Karjan, Mehsana, Mithapur, Navsari, Petlad, Patan, Porbandar, Sanchela, Sidhpur, Surat, Umreth, Vijapur (N. G.), Vyara

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at ½ per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement.

FIXED DEPOSITS: Received for long or short periods. Terms on application

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA. Rates of rentals on application

W. G. GROUNDWATER, General Manager

END THE MISERY OF PILES

Only "Pilicon" contains an ingredient which helps the Ointment to penetrate the swollen tissues. "Pilicon" relieves itching, banishes pain and stops bleeding. Get a tube and enjoy quick relief.

BEST FOR PILES "Pilicon" gave me great relief. Bleeding has stopped. It is the best ointment for Piles"—G. S. Dumere.

PILICON PILE OINTMENT

Made by: W. B. Cartwright, Ltd. Leeds, England. Sole Distributors: Castephene Mfg. Co. Karachi.

SOAP SERVICES 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SOLICIT

Enquiries & Agency proposals from reputed & experienced parties all over India for their scientific (SP)

100 GOLD SOAP

FOR WASHING & TOILET PURPOSES

Free sample on request with 5 annas stamps for postage.

REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The rosy return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years aggained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN."

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE:—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND) 13, Nicholson Road, LAHORE.

Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.

Stockists:—Perry & Co Ltd., Chemists, Tram Terminus, Grant Road, Bombay.

M/s. MARSHALL & CO., Chemists, 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

GOLDEN JUBILEE CONCERTS!

—THE SINGER WHO HAS DELIGHTED BOMBAY BY GIVING AS MANY AS 50 CONCERTS WILL SING NEW MELODIES TO CELEBRATE THIS OCCASION!

Kumari Jyuthika Ray

Also: DANCES by SHAHAJADI (of 'JHOOLA' fame) and PARTY FRIDAY 9th Feb. 6-30 p.m. and SUNDAY (MAHASHIVRATRI) 11th Feb. at 6-30 p.m.

SUNDERBAI HALL

OWING TO HEAVY RUSH FOR ADVANCE BOOKING, IT IS ADVISABLE TO RESERVE YOUR SEATS EARLY AT

BHARAT AGENCY Princess Street Corner Kalbadevi, 'Phone 33103

THE
Bombay Chronicle
Post Box No. 322, Tel. No. 22037.

DAILY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil	Foreign
1 year	Rs. 40	Rs. 40	Rs. 65
6 months	Rs. 21	Rs. 21	Rs. 35
3 months	Rs. 11	Rs. 11	Rs. 18
1 month	Rs. 4	Rs. 4	

SUNDAY EDITION

To be subscribed for not less than six months.

	Local	Mofussil	Foreign
1 year	Rs. 13	Rs. 13	Rs. 23
6 months	Rs. 7	Rs. 7	Rs. 12

Copies will not be sent by V.P.P.

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 5: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 8 a.m., February 2:—

Allahabad 75 47 0, BOMBAY 79 60 0, Calcutta 85 58 0, Cawnpore 74 47 0, Cuttack 89 69 0, Darjeeling nil 30 0.5, Delhi 65 43 0, Dehra Dun 63 39 0, Jacobabad 75 42 0, Karachi 76 55 0, Lahore 67 40 0, Lucknow 76 47 0 Madras 87 72 0 Nagpur 84 55 0, Patna 61 49 0.5, Peshawar 66 37 0, Shillong 66 43 0.7, Simla 44 30 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Asia wants freedom. Whoever fosters her freedom will win her friendship. Whoever thwarts it will reap the whirlwind.

—Louis Fischer.

The Bombay Chronicle

HINDU LAW REFORM

The Hindu Law Committee appointed by the Government of India to codify the whole of Hindu Law examined a number of witnesses in Bombay last week and has almost finished its work in the city. Several institutions and individuals offered evidence for or against the proposed changes in the law, but one wishes the reformers had mustered stronger in view of the great need for reform in this matter to suit the present needs of Hindu society. The case for reform was, however, well presented by the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, the Hindu Law Reform and Research Association, the Bombay Presidency Women's Council and the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal. Sir Harsidhbhai Divatia who represented the first institution unequivocally enunciated the general principle of reform that all fictions based on different interpretations of the Shastras should go and Hindu Law should be put on a rational basis. It was on this basis that in olden times the Shastras and customs were evolved, and they were modified from time to time in different parts of the country by councils of Pandits, whence arose variations in local usage or in interpretations of the Shastras. That process of reform was long suspended under British rule on the plea that it was not right for a foreign Government to interfere with "indigenous" law and usage. When, however, certain changes were felt by the highest courts to be indispensable on grounds of reason or justice, they were effected on the basis of more or less fictitious interpretations of the Shastras. It is a far better method from every point of view, to codify now the whole Hindu Law on the basis of reason, as was done before. And there can be no objection to necessary reforms being recommended by experts in the light of informed public opinion and finally determined by a representative Legislature.

The orthodox sections of the Hindus were represented by the Varnashrama Swarajya Sangh and some individuals. Their general views seemed to be that the proposed changes are revolutionary, that millions of orthodox Hindus stoutly oppose them, that a mixed Legislature has no right to impose them on Hindu society, particularly because it is too old to be representative and that controversial religious questions should not be hustled in war times when many people are pre-occupied by more urgent work. No dispassionate critic of the proposed changes will regard them as revolutionary. It will be more true to say that the changes are over-cautious, having the support of the best in the Shastras or of local usage or fairly common practice among Hindus under this Civil Marriage Law. Thus most of the changes in the law of succession apart from their being based on the principle of justice and equity, such as equal rights of brothers and sisters, are already sanctioned by Shastras in several parts of the country; and it is certainly not revolutionary to extend them to the whole country on grounds of uniformity and justice. Similarly, monogamy is the common practice all the world over and it is not revolutionary to make it a rule in response to the insistent demand of Hindu men and women. Divorce was doubtless regarded a decade ago as a revolutionary change even by women who needed its relief most. But we have no doubt a majority of them demand the change now and the majority will be greater if institutions like the Women's Conference carry on vigorous propaganda for social reform in general and the draft Hindu code in particular. When the Secretary of the Varnashrama Swarajya Sangh gave evidence before the Committee he opposed divorce and cited Shastras in support of his view. But there is at least one important Smriti which sanctions divorce or second marriage for the wife on various grounds. Mr. M. R. Jayakar, a co-opted member of the Committee, asked the witness whether he knew that hundreds of Hindu women either young widows or those not happily married, changed their faith every year, and that depletion of the Hindus in that way amounted to about two per cent. in ten years. He pointed out that a Hindu woman could obtain divorce by changing her religion and asked the witness whether as a Hindu trying to consolidate Hinduism he would not rather prefer the women to remain in the Hindu fold. But the witness only took shelter under the "sacramental" character of Hindu marriage, though that character does not prevent the husband from having a second wife even when the first is living and when there is not any justification for the second marriage. Miss B. A. Engineer, Honorary Secretary, Seva Sadan Society, stated in her evidence that among the women who went to the Seva Sadan for shelter there were more Hindus than women of other communities. That she attributed to the absence of a divorce law among Hindus. Two or three Hindu women, she added, turned up every year, and they came either because they had been deserted by their husbands or had been subjected to cruelty, mostly the former. Yet the super-orthodox Hindus are obdurate. At least they never openly support changes in any established usage but such reforms as are approved by the majority cannot be held back because of such die-hards.

We unhesitatingly deny the statement that the majority of the Hindus oppose the proposed changes, which are sure to be supported by Hindu legislators in the present legislature or a new one. We can quite appreciate the view that non-Hindus in the Legislature should not participate in voting on a controversial issue where questions of humanity or elementary justice are not involved. Now do we mind if the code is presented to a new Legislature. What is essential is that there should be vigorous and widespread educative propaganda in favour of the general principles of the proposed reforms. It is particularly necessary that women should participate in the propaganda in large numbers as else it may be made to appear that women are against the reforms.

Frankly Speaking

Plight Of Berlin

Reports from neutral sources speak of a Berlin suffering an unenviable plight. Gas and electric supply is short, transport services for the civilians are practically at a standstill and the life of the population has been completely disorganised. There is also a stream of refugees making matters worse. Panic and anxiety rule the city. And they are intensified by the stress and confusion of the authorities feverishly trying to save the situation on the Eastern Front. In the midst of all this the Western Allies have started dropping bombs on Berlin in thousands of tons. One is reminded of, for instance, Paris in 1940. But the Nazis have brought it all on Berlin and the rest of Germany themselves.

Fall Of Manila

After more than three years, the Americans have re-entered Manila, the capital of the Philippines. February 4, 1945 is a proud day for General MacArthur personally and militarily. When leaving the Philippines he had declared that he will return. Even though much of the Archipelago has yet to be reconquered the entry into Manila does mark the formal realisation of that promise. General MacArthur has returned. The fall of Manila is also militarily an event of great importance and not merely because of its own value. The rapid American drive from all directions has proved how crippled Japanese resistance has been and gives promise of a speedier capture of Bataan, Corregidor and, in fact, the whole of the Philippines than has so far been expected. It is rather curious that the Japanese should have given such weak and ineffective fight for areas and centres that are so vital to them for the future conduct of the war. From the Philippines the Americans can threaten Formosa and the China coast. And the Japs know it.

Hope For Filipinos

The fall of Manila is a great day in the history of the Filipinos too. They have been promised their independence immediately the Japs have been driven out of the Philippines. Inspired by that promise and love of freedom, they have waited, fought and suffered all these years. American reports bear witness to what they have endured under Japanese occupation and how, undaunted by physical deprivations and tribulations, they stuck courageously to their patriotic opposition to the Japs and by their work and their resistance made the task of MacArthur's forces so easy. To them the liberation of Manila represents the herbinger of the freedom and independence of their country and their people.

A Sober Note

The fall of Manila is extremely militarily because it has shown the decisive weakness of the Japanese who could offer no more than token resistance all the way from the Lingayen Gulf beachheads. But complacency as regards the power of the Japs to wage war is dangerous. At this stage particularly a sober note of warning is doubly welcome. It has been struck by a Spanish missionary who has spent several years in Japan, knows the country well and speaks Japanese fluently. According to him, as reported by a correspondent of the 'New York Times', Japan will not collapse suddenly. The Japs cannot be starved out, they have resources to continue the fight on the Jap mainland which is situated in a favourably strategic position and they have the will to fight. The missionary is right. His "considered opinion" finds, in a way, significant confirmation in the fact that the Australians are finding it very difficult even to begin liquidating the Japs in Bougainville. If they offer such determined resistance in an isolated hopeless wilderness, it can be imagined how they will fight for their homeland. But it will be a forlorn suicidal fight simply because the Japs have no answer to the overwhelming magnitude of the might that the Allies can, and will, bring to bear on Japan. Japan will be defeated, but the fight will be hard and grim.

Our Readers' Views

"Skim Milk Powder"

That skim milk powder is inferior to whole milk powder and much inferior to fresh milk is a fact which needs to be greatly emphasised. What has been repeatedly said as "3 per cent only of fat" really amounts to 50 per cent (fifty) of total nutritive value of milk. Besides this there are in fresh milk vitamins which are totally destroyed in the preparation of skim milk powder. Further as a substitute for fresh milk in Infant feeding it is detrimental to infants health. While the Government has introduced its use in Bombay Hotels what precautions has it taken to see that it is not abused as a cheap substitute for infant feeding?

As for its demand by medical men in Bombay, the meeting then had in its mind the famine conditions of Bengal and Malabar where starvation deaths were a daily occurrence. I had opposed the demand for importation of skimmed milk but the organisers of the meeting were of opinion that the demand for whole milk powder was not likely to be met. The question of its introduction in Bombay hotels did not come before the meeting and if Dr. R. N. Cooper suggested such an action to the Governor as reported in to-day's Times of India he had no such authority from the meeting.

To meet the shortage of milk supply in the City I would suggest a *restriction of the hours* of tea and coffee supply in hotels and if that is not feasible an altogether total ban on the use of milk in tea or coffee in hotels and restaurants.

If butter is of such small value why the exporting countries retain it for themselves?

If once this skim milk powder is introduced indiscriminately in the country, the vested commercial interests will see to it, even with the help of medical profession, to sing its praise and make it difficult to stop. A little slip on the part of the medical profession at its meeting is now made much of and it is being quoted as a scripture by the milk suppliers.

(Dr.) B. V. VED.
L. M. & S.

The Bombay Metallurgical Society

A technical society called The Bombay Metallurgical Society has been founded at Bombay on the 1st January 1945 with N. P. Gandhi, formerly of the Benares Hindu University, as President, and A. Schwarz, Technical Director of the Indian Standard Metal Co., Bombay, as Vice-President. About 60 technical men have joined as Members and 10 firms engaged in metallurgical work, as Subscribers.

The objects of the Society are to promote inter-course between persons of scientific and technical attainments in Metallurgy and those engaged in a technical capacity in the manufacture, fabrication and testing of metals and alloys in the province of Bombay and the neighbouring Indian States, and to promote research in, and disseminate knowledge of, metallurgical subjects.

The methods by which the above objects are sought to be attained are the holding of monthly meetings and occasional excursions, holding conferences with cognate bodies, organising public lectures, bringing out publications, and establishing a library, a reading room, a museum, and a research laboratory.

The President addressed the Society on the 24th January on "Our Goal". The first monthly meeting is to be held on the 28th February at the B.E.S.T. Hall when Mr. A. Schwarz, the Vice-President will address on Antimony Smelting. The second monthly meeting is to be held on the 27th March at the same place when Mr. C. W. Carke, the Director of Munitions Production, Bombay, and a Member of the Council of the Society, will address on High Duty Cast Irons.

N. P. GANDHI,
President.

Girgaon, Bombay, 4.

PUBLIC SAFETY

On 30th January 1945 one Mr Hardikar lost his life in a train accident while crossing the railway lines at Vile Parle. It has been noticed that for months past that bars in the railway railings have been removed at the North and South end of the Vile Parle railway platform and everyday a number of persons are seen crossing the lines and have made a thorough fare of these gaps in the railings.

Surprisingly the railway authorities at Vile Parle have taken no notice thereof, which is to a certain extent responsible for the accident.

Will the railway authorities take necessary steps to prevent any further accidents by keeping watchmen at both the ends of the platform to stop persons from crossing the lines and by immediately closing the gaps in the railings?

S. A. DHURANDHAR, B.A.LL.B.
Vile Parle

Gaudiya Mission

The fifth annual general meeting of the members of Gaudiya Mission will be held on Monday, the 26th February, 1945 (Sri Gaur Janmotsav Day) at Sri Chaitanya Math, P. O. Sree-Mayapur, Dt. Nadia. All members are requested to be present.

"Kasturba Day" In New Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5: The New Delhi Congress Committee is observing February 11 as "Kasturba Day" when among other items, Children's Fair, games and charkha competition will be organised in the Nehru Park at Connaught Place.—A. P.

American Interest In India's Industrial Development

Lokanathan's Plea For Repayment Of Sterling Balances In Short Period

KARACHI, Feb. 5.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Dr. Lokanathan said that both at Rye and Hot Springs, India's problem was brought to the forefront. He added that the failure to fully indianise the Viceroy's Executive Council and to entrust to Indians the Finance and Home departments had produced a somewhat unfavourable opinion at Hot Springs.

He emphasised that at a time when Washington was becoming the base of all international activity, Indians must get together and send their true representatives to the United States to put India's case before international conferences on economic, political, financial and strategic matters.

"There is real and widespread interest in India's industrial development", said Dr. Lokanathan" and the Bombay Plan has come in for very great attention. American businessmen look forward with great expectation to the forthcoming visit of the Indian Industrialists' Delegation and they are keen on doing business with India.

The Americans, he continued, had a general desire to help India but at present their minds were occupied with winning the war and getting their boys back home. The officials were well-informed about India but they could hardly do anything. Intelligent Americans were interested in Indian affairs but the deeper they went the more perplexed they became.

Dr. Lokanathan referred to the discussion at the Business Conference on Sterling Balances and said that the British point was that repayment should be spread over a long period and that no guarantee could be given about the specific time when the repayment would commence. He had told the Conference about the Indian viewpoint that the period of repayment should be spread over a short period, from 15 to 20 years and that India could not afford to wait indefinitely for the repayment to start. If Britain could not begin returning what was India's due within five years after the war, Britain should arrange with America to allow India to take what she wanted from the United States, for India's import needs could not be postponed. These arguments regarding repayment of India's sterling balances, he said, were fully appreciated by the Conference.—A. P.

CONGRESS WORKER SENTENCED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

Ram Charan Aggarwal a Congress worker of Delhi was sentenced till the rising of the court by the Additional District Magistrate on a charge of contravening an order of the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, directing him to report his presence at the police station once a week.

Convicting the accused the Magistrate observed that although there were extenuating circumstances, the accused was doubtless guilty. The accused's omission to report was not deliberate or intentional. It was a mere lapse of memory and the offence was purely academic.

CONGRESS ENROLMENT IN MAHARASHTRA

POONA, Feb. 5.

About 1,00,000 primary Congress members have so far been enrolled in Maharashtra, it is authoritatively stated here.

Eleven District Congress Committees and about 50 Taluka Congress Committees have resumed normal work.

A central school for training workers for the constructive programme will be opened here soon. The trainees will be required to conduct similar classes at district centres.

The next meeting of the Maharashtra Constructive Programme Co-ordination Committee will be held at Nasik on February 15.—United Press.

FOUR FORFEIT SECURITY

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Except Mr. Krishniah Choudhury, all the other four defeated candidates who got less than one-eighth of the number of votes polled forfeited their deposits.—A. P.

MRS. PANDIT'S DAUGHTER WILL WORK IN U. S.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4:—Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit is looking forward to the day when there will be better understanding between India and America.

In an interview to-day with Globe's special correspondent, she said: "India has a big contribution to make and there is so much we can learn from America."

Mrs. Pandit, who has been here since December, expressed great satisfaction at the way her two daughters were progressing at Wellesley College. They were, she said, very much enjoying life there.

Her daughter Chandralekha expects to finish college in April, after which she will remain here to work for a year on a magazine. The second daughter, Nayantara, is specialising in history and possesses a special gift for languages.

The third daughter, Rita, who is 15, arrived from India with her mother.

Of the two daughters at Wellesley College, Mrs. Pandit said: "I believe they are trying to give America something in exchange for what America is giving them and that when they return to India they will be a link in the chain of friendship we are trying to forge between the nations."

Mrs. Pandit is now occupied with putting the finishing touches to her autobiography, entitled "Sunlight and Shadows", which will be published here.—GLOBE.

Gandhiji Observes Silence To Conserve Energy

WARDHAGANJ, Feb. 5: "Mahatma Gandhi observes silence to conserve his energy. Inspite of the silence, if he attempts anything more than light work, it tires him. He takes his walks regularly", Dr. Sushila Nayyar told the United Press when asked about Gandhiji's health.

Swami Satyadeo Parivrajak met Gandhiji and acquainted him with the activities of the Arya Samaj of Hyderabad (Deccan) and had talks in connection with communal unity. He is staying at Sewagram.

THE BHIVPURI SCHEME

By M. Visvesvaraya

For some days past, the leading Bombay papers have been drawing attention to the delays apprehended in the completion of the Bhivpuri Scheme and the hardships to which the City population is likely to be exposed as a consequence.

Difficulties and delays are expected from two causes:—

(1) The existence of a strong preference on the part of a small body of Members in the Municipal Corporation in favour of the alternative Vaitarna Scheme: and (2) the apprehension that commencement of construction might be unnecessarily delayed if the progress on surveys and on the preparation of plans and estimates now in hand is not accelerated by special measures.

The Committee of Engineers, consisting of Sir Claude Inglis and myself, who were invited to advise in this matter, submitted its report after two years of enquiry and investigation. In the normal course of things, three months should have sufficed for this work. In fact, in formally communicating the understanding which led to the appointment of the Committee the then Municipal Commissioner said as much, namely, that our work was not likely to occupy more time than about three months.

After the commencement of the investigation work, we had several meetings with the Municipal Commissioner and the Hydraulic Engineer, and subsequently on the 30th July 1943, we were invited to attend a meeting of the Works Committee of the Municipal Corporation. At this meeting after prolonged discussion it was understood that the position had been made perfectly clear. The Chairman of the Works Committee then drew up and sent a note to the Municipal Commissioner embodying all known objections to the Bhivpuri Scheme. This note was forwarded to us on October 27, 1943 and we gave categorical explanations and replies to all the points raised in the report we submitted to the Municipal Corporation on February 5, 1944. The Corporation thereafter finally accorded its approval to the Bhivpuri Scheme in July 1944.

The Committee after examining with all reasonable care the various proposals put forward from time to time, came to the conclusion that, weighed in the scale of engineering science, the Bhivpuri Scheme with its special advantage of a higher level of supply was far more worthy of choice than the alternative Vaitarna Scheme.

All apprehensions of delay in the preliminary work of surveys, planning, etc., might be removed by strengthening the staff of Engineers and Subordinates employed, by securing in full detail the necessary sanction or consent of the Government of Bombay and of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Ltd., and by avoiding delays in sanctioning any additional expenditure or other facilities needed. I understand that the Corporation has already sanctioned about Rs. 89,000 for the purpose. A liberal expenditure on preliminary investigations of this kind is a prime economy. Considering that the total estimated cost comes to nearly Rs. 3 1/2 crores and the project is likely to bring a handsome revenue of about Rs. 33 lakhs when completed, I do not think the expenditure of even a lakh or rupees on this most useful preliminary work would be regarded as excessive in engineering circles.

I have also reason to believe that the Government of Bombay and the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company are both anxious to see the City provided with the additional water supply needed in the shortest time possible and that they would be prepared to help forward every step to that end.

THE SANDS ARE RUNNING OUT!

Hitler's Super-Highways Carrying Traffic In Reverse

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, Feb. 5.

One of the saddest men in the whole of Germany to-day is Goering. Moscow Radio announces that Herman Goering works in Silesia, under Soviet management, are now working full blast. Goering's vast foundries, newly built during the war between Gleiwitz and Hindenburg, were captured intact. Smoke stacks are coming to life again. Throughout Silesia trains are hauling coal and pig iron to the furnaces.

Masses of Soviet infantry heavy tanks, giant howitzers and armoured troops-carriers are moving deep into Germany along Hindenburg-Berlin super highway, says a despatch from Upper Silesia. "In all probability there never has been so much traffic on this autobahn since the day it was built". Hitler built the strategic highways like this specially for the campaign against Russia. Now they have become thoroughfares carrying defeat into the heart of Germany.

Berliners last night heard sands outrunning as Moscow Radio concluded dramatic broadcast towards Germans by amplifying the sound of grains of sand running through the hour-glass. "Every grain of sand brings nearer destruction to Berlin, every grain brings nearer to Berlin the fate of Warsaw".

NEW ZEALANDER AS S.-E. A. C. AIR CHIEF

LONDON, Feb. 4: The Air Ministry announces that Air Marshal Sir Keith Park has been appointed Air Commander-in-Chief, South-East Asia, in place of Air Chief Marshal Sir Trafford Leigh Mallory, reported missing. When Air Marshal Park takes up this appointment the present Deputy Air Commander-in-Chief, Air Marshal Sir Guy Garrod, who has been acting in Command, will be leaving to take up another high appointment.

Air Vice-Marshal C. E. H. Medhurst has been appointed Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief Middle East Command, succeeding Air Marshal Sir Keith Park. He has assumed the acting rank of Air Marshal on taking up the appointment. The changes will take effect as from an early date.

Air Marshal Sir Keith Park is a New Zealander.

NATIONAL FLAGS USED AS DUSTERS!

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5: Mir Mushtaq Ahmed, Secretary New Delhi Congress Committee, in a statement says that National Flags are being used as dusters in some Delhi courts.

Mir Mushtaq Ahmed has sent letters to the Chief Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, in this connection drawing their attention to the gross misuse of Congress property.—A. P.

DELHI CONGRESS WORKER SENTENCED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5.

Ram Charan Aggarwal a Congress worker of Delhi was sentenced till the rising of the court by the Additional District Magistrate on a charge of contravening an order of the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, directing him to report his presence at the police station once a week.

Convicting the accused the Magistrate observed that although there were extenuating circumstances, the accused was doubtless guilty. The accused's omission to report was not deliberate or intentional. It was a mere lapse of memory and the offence was purely academic.

CONGRESS ENROLMENT IN MAHARASHTRA

POONA, Feb. 5.

About 1,00,000 primary Congress members have so far been enrolled in Maharashtra, it is authoritatively stated here.

Eleven District Congress Committees and about 50 Taluka Congress Committees have resumed normal work.

A central school for training workers for the constructive programme will be opened here soon. The trainees will be required to conduct similar classes at district centres.

The next meeting of the Maharashtra Constructive Programme Co-ordination Committee will be held at Nasik on February 15.—United Press.

FOUR FORFEIT SECURITY

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Except Mr. Krishniah Choudhury, all the other four defeated candidates who got less than one-eighth of the number of votes polled forfeited their deposits.—A. P.

Allies Closing In On Ramree Town

Fourteenth Army Occupies Myaing

ADV. HQ. ALF SEA, Feb. 5: Today's S.E.A.C. communique says: FIFTEENTH INDIAN CORPS: On Ramree Island our troops are close to Ramree town. In the southern portion of the island our troops are close to Ramree town. In the southern portion of the island we have effected a new landing.

There has been a lull in the enemy's counter-attacks in the Kangaw sector. We have occupied the village of Taungmaw west of Kangaw.

The high ground north-west of Minbya has been cleared of the enemy, and progress has been made south of Minbya.

FOURTEENTH ARMY: Forward troops have reached a point 22 miles west of Pakokku. Other troops advancing from the north have occupied Myaing.

Operations, with strong air support, to clear enemy pockets north of the confluence of the Chindwin and Irrawaddy continue.

In the Ywathitgyi area north of the Irrawaddy mopping up is in progress. From the south bank the enemy is shelling our positions.

Against the bridgeheads east of the Irrawaddy the enemy has been less active.

NORTHERN COMBAT AREA COMMAND: Mars Task Force yesterday captured another hill and a village just west of the 75th mile post (from Lashio) on the Burma Road.

Patrols of 50th Chinese Division crossed the Shweli eastward of Molo.

One Allied aircraft is missing and one Japanese aircraft was destroyed in the air.

They Were In Air For 15 Hours

EASTERN AIR COMMAND, HQ, Feb. 5: Air Commodore F. J. W. Mellersh, Air Commander of Strategic Air Force, Eastern Air Command, has today signalled the following congratulations to the U.S.A.A.F. Seventh Bombardment Group and the R.A.F. squadrons of the Strategic Air Force, following Saturday's attack on Chumphon:—

"Yesterday's operation the longest daylight mission in formation yet carried out by the entire force. Heartiest congratulations on a first class show."

To attack Chumphon crews were in the air for more than 15 hours, during which time they flew over 2,300 miles. Earliest photographs taken after the raids show that the transshipment sheds at the small port which "feeds" Chumphon were completely obliterated.

GURKHAS AND BR. TANKS ON SCENE

KYAUKMYAUNG, IRRAWADDY BRIDGEHEAD, Feb. 5: British-manned tanks and Gurkhas are in action 100 yards outside our Singhu base on the Mandalay side of the Irrawaddy, writes an Indian Army observer.

The tanks will be invaluable in clearing pockets of Japanese infantry, mortars and artillery dug-in outside our perimeter. The tanks must also be expected to play an important part in the extending of the 18-days-old bridgehead.

ALLIES OCCUPY GALLICANO

ALLIED MEDITERRANEAN HQ, Feb. 5: Today's communique says: "15TH ARMY GROUP: In the Serchio valley Fifth Army troops occupied Gallicano against slight opposition. Elsewhere on the Italian front our patrols were active.

"In air operations ten of our aircraft are missing."

Japanese Oil Supplies Damaged

KANDY, Feb. 5.

A special S.E.A.C. communique says:

In two successive operations a powerful East Indies force commanded by Rear-Admiral Sir Philip Vian and including the aircraft carriers, "Illustrious", "Victorious", "Indomitable" and "Indefatigable" has struck the most damaging blow yet at Japanese oil supplies which are of major importance to the enemy's war effort in this theatre.

The attacks were made by carrier borne aircraft on oil refineries at Palembang in southern Sumatra.

The first attack against the Pladjoe refinery was carried out on January 24. The importance of the installation to the Japanese was shown by the heavy scale of defence. In this area, there are many airfields with defending fighters an inner and outer ring of 4 batteries and an extensive balloon barrage.

Our avengers with strong fighter escort including fire-flies bombing from above and dive bombing through the balloon barrage scored direct hits on the oil distilleries and hit or damaged many other buildings.—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, Feb. 4.

Mr. Yusuf Haroon, M.L.A. (Central) and a prominent League leader who recently discussed the Sind ministerial affairs with Mr. Jinnah in a statement to press says that the Muslim League in Sind would be ridiculed if its President, Mr. G. M. Syed, is interned or restricted in any other way in respect of his personal liberty, when the League Minister is in office. He says he is fully conscious of the fact that it was due to the efforts of Mr. Syed that it was possible for the League Ministry to take office in Sind.

—A. P.

★ ★ ★

A Bihar Congressman, referring to the internment of the five Congress leaders says: "The entire Province is shocked at the surprising order of the Government of Bihar."

Quite true, of course. But why should the entire Province have been shocked or the order regarded as surprising? As if Sir Thomas Rutherford were not a very able and normal British member of the I.C.S.!

★ ★ ★

A "Statesman" correspondent reports a Punjab Minister as having told him a few days ago that he, the Minister had heard "from the horse's mouth (the Viceroy) that within ten days, if not a week, a startling political announcement was expected from Delhi."

Meanwhile, for one thing, we understand that, on Saturday at Mahalaxmi Wavell 'avenged his recent defeat' wherever and whatever it was.

★ ★ ★

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan has again declared that "there is no truth in the report appearing in a certain section of the Press that an agreement or a settlement has been reached between me and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai."

We again declare our feeling of relief.

★ ★ ★

A Press report says that the annual session of the All-India Muslim Students' Federation will be held at Aligarh in March and Mr. Jinnah will inaugurate the session.

And Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan will preside?

Or Kazi Md. Issa?

★ ★ ★

We hope you haven't read the text of the letter reported to have been written to Kazi Md. Issa by Mr. G. M. Syed and released from Karachi by the United Press. And if, unfortunately, you have we hope you will immediately unread it.

Even if authentic the letter is malicious propaganda by the Congress.

★ ★ ★

JAP GOVT. IN BURMA SUPERSEDED

New Administration

—Headlines.

From "Co-prosperity" to—what?

★ ★ ★

According to an American Air communique, 1000 U. S. bombers on Saturday attacked the heart of Berlin.

That in our opinion was sheer waste.

Did the Nazis or Nazi Berlin ever have a heart?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

When a sculptor makes a cast he is either fishing for fame or money.

If your boss is not satisfactory, just mention it to him and perhaps he will permit you to resign.

Wise is the man who first ascertains what kind of advice his friends want—and then gives it to them.

When you are offered something for nothing you should accept it—if you can afford to pay double its value.

The woman who is lecturing her husband continually either considers him a fool or else she has forgotten that a word to the wise is sufficient.

The man who waits to make sure that he is right before going ahead often finds himself distanced by a less conservative individual who was willing to take chances.

SIR C. V. RAMAN CHALLENGED

British Woman Scientist Questions Diamond Crystal Theory

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Feb. 5.

In the current issue of "Nature", Kathleen Londsdale of the Royal Institution challenges Sir C. V. Raman's suggestion that four different crystal structures of diamond exist in which carbon atom positions are similar but in which orientations of tetrahedral carbon atoms in two inter-penetrating face-centred lattices differ.

Kathleen Londsdale disputes Sir C. V. Raman's claim that X-Ray findings leave the question whether diamond possesses tetrahedral or Octahedral symmetry entirely open. She points out that she has examined beautiful water-white octahedral plate from sierra leone lent her by Professor W. T. Gordon which she says proves conclusively that the structure is not tetrahedral but that real variation of orientation exists carbon atoms in the 000 1/4 1/4 1/4 positions.

She concludes: It is quite clear in the case of these diamonds that I have tested that while distortion may sometimes occur there is no X-ray evidence on the basis of lattice constant variations for the existence of various structures postulated. The variation of texture of diamond from ideal to Mosaic is, of course, a common feature of crystals generally.

POLICE REMOVE NATIONAL FLAG FROM KHADI BHANDARS.

GORAKHPUR, Feb. 5: Two national flags hoisted on the local Khadi Bhandar were removed last night by the police in the presence of the City Magistrate and the City Kotwal.

The Head Office of the Bhandar at Meerut has been telegraphically informed of the incident and further instructions have been sought.—United Press.

Mr. Sudhindra Pramanik, All-India Trade Union Congress delegate to the World Trade Union Conference in London beginning on February 6, arrived in Cairo on Sunday from Karachi.—A. P.

U. S. TROOPS WIDEN PENETRATION OF SIEGFRIED LINE DEFENCES

All German Troops In Vosges Trapped By American And French Forces

S. H. A. E. F., Paris, Feb 5.

General Eisenhower's 'communique' today said: "Allied forces north-east of Monschau gained up to 300 yards to reach the edge of Ruhrberg and our infantry advanced 2500 yards to the south-shore of Urft Statu South-west and south of the Lake we have cleared the enemy from the towns of Einruhr, Woolsefen, and Morsbach. South-east of Monschau in the vicinity of Hollerath we encountered rifle and machine-gun fire from enemy pilboxes and a number of pilboxes just west of the town have been neutralised.

ROTH CLEARED

In the area two miles south-east of Udenbrech a group of enemy infantry forming for a counter-attack was dispersed by our artillery. Roth 11 miles north-east of St. Vith has been cleared of enemy and our infantry elements advanced into the Schnee Eifel forest each of Buchet.

On the eastern edge of the Hardt mountains we entered Rothbach, inflicted casualties and took prisoners and then withdrew to positions south-west of the town.

Near the Rhine in the Hagenau area fighting continued in Oberhoffen. Farther east advances were made in Bois de Drusenheim north-east of Rohrweiler.

In the Colmar sector, Wolfganzen one mile west of new Breisach was cleared after hard fighting and mopping up was in progress in Biesheim to the north. South and west of Colmar the towns of Obermoschwihr, Voegtlinshoffen, Turkheim, and Labaroche were liberated. Farther south, Cernay was completely cleared and Steinbach and Uffholz in the same area were occupied.

SIEGFRIED LINE DEFENCES WIDENED

From Reuter's special correspondent at Field Marshal Montgomery's Hq., Monday: United States troops have widened their penetration of the Siegfried line defences but nowhere have they probed right through. On one sector of the United States Front, the Americans advanced between 2,000 and 3,000 yards to the east to reach the final phase of the Siegfried line. In the south, general Patton's United States third army has generally closed up to the line.

GERMAN POCKET SPLIT

(From Reuter's special correspondent with Sixth Army group, Monday): General Patch's seventh army Americans and General De Lattye De Tassigny's first French army troops have linked up south of Strasbourg. The German pocket containing 10,000 troops has been split in two.

SMASHING THROUGH GERMAN DEFENCES

The Spearheads of the two armies smashed through the German defences to join in the centre of the pocket. All German troops in the Vosges were trapped and completely surrounded by American and French forces.

From Reuter's special correspondent at Supreme Headquarters, A.E.F., Monday: Frontline reports that the American Ninth Division has broken through the second Siegfried line into Minck is not confirmed here. Nor is the German admission that they have been driven from Scleiden which would apparently constitute a complete breach in the formal Siegfried defences south-each of Monschau.—Reuter.

No Overnight Socialism

Bernard Shaw Rejects Childish Notion

LONDON, Feb. 4: Mr. George Bernard Shaw was asked: "Do you think the Beveridge Reports, White Papers, and numberless promises of a 'brave new world' after the war are killing the ideal of 'socialism in our time' which was so strenuously advocated by the socialists before the war as an election slogan?"

Here is Mr. Shaw's reply, given to the "Sunday Express."

"Not at all; they are making very lively propaganda of socialism and are all advocating instalments of it. And they are helping to get rid of the childish notion that socialism is a paradise into which the world will change from the inferno called capitalism in a single day, with the old 'world' on Saturday and the new one on Sunday. The Conservatives are obsessed with this silliness as much as the greenest young Socialist.

"No modern state can get on without an enormous foundation of Communism in roads, streets, bridges police, fire brigades, water-supply, electrification, armed forces, judiciary, clergy and schools.

"But everything cannot be communised. Suppose you communise and socialise until everyone can earn a handsome livelihood by working four hours a day, five days a week they will not spend all that leisure at the dog races or the cinemas. There will be a huge increase of private activities much more than is now possible.

You will have Communism Socialism, private enterprise and a mixture of them all going at the same time in changing proportions which will be the continual subjects of political controversy. But politicians will know what they are talking about, which none of them do at present."—GLOBE

CAN HIGH COURT GRANT BAIL TO CONVICTED PERSON?

LONDON, Feb. 5: The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council today delivered judgment in an appeal raising for the first time the important question whether the High Court in India has power to grant Bail to a person convicted and sentenced to imprisonment and to whom his Majesty-in-Council has given special leave to appeal against his conviction or sentence. The appeal came before Lord Russell of Killowen, who delivered the judgment, Lord Wright, Lord Goddard, Sir Madhavan Nair, and Sir John Beaumont.

It was on behalf of Lala Jairam Das and others against the Crown. The appellants were convicted on December 20th 1943 by the District Judge of Lahore of conspiring to cheat and of cheating Government by fraudulently supplying vegetable ghee instead of pure butter ghee in accordance with their contract and were sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment. They appealed to the High Court, Lahore, who upheld the convictions but altered the sentences. Thereupon, having obtained special leave from the Privy Council to appeal from the judgments of the High Court, they applied to the High Court, Lahore, to be released on bail—an application which was dismissed on the ground the Privy Council had given no direction to the High Court to entertain the application for bail. For reasons indicated Their Lordships dismissed the appeal. In view of the importance of the question raised and decided, they made no order as to the costs of the appeal.—Reuter.

INDIAN ROADS CONGRESS

MADRAS, Feb. 5: A number of Chief engineers from various parts of India, who are delegates to the Ninth Session of the Indian Roads Congress arrived in Madras to-day. Among the arrivals were Mr. A.W.H. dean (central P.W.D.), Mr. L. A. Freak (Punjab), Mr. Sri Ram Puri (Nabha State), Mr. B. Pershad (Hazaribagh), Rao Bahadur C. P. Misra (Monghyr, Bihar), Mr. K. C. Parija and Mr. S. K. Palit (Orissa), and Mr. S. Sarup Singh (Patiala State).

Mr. J. Vesugar, Industrial Adviser to the Government of India Planning and Development Dept. who is the President of Congress is expected from Bombay to-morrow as also Sir Teja Singh Malik, Chief Engineer of Jeypore State.

The various Sub-Committees and the councils of the Congress will meet to-morrow. The sessions will be opened by H. E. the Governor of Madras at the banquetting hall on Wednesday and will be followed by an address by the President Mr. Vesugar.—A. P.

Kamala Nehru Hospital

Katju's Appeal For Funds

Mr. Kailash Nath Katju has issued the following appeal regarding Kamala Nehru Hospital:

On the 28th of February 1945, the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital will be completing the 4th year of its existence. This hospital erected to perpetuate the memory of a woman who by her devotion and selfless service to the country was beloved of millions of men and women in this province, has proved a priceless boon to the residents of Allahabad city and district. In the year 1943, 21,385 patients were treated in the out-patients department and the number of patients admitted to the hospital was 2035. Of these, 1074 were maternity cases 222 were gynaecological cases and 154 were cases for medical and surgical treatment. There were 701 confinements during the year. In 1944, the year which has just closed progress was well-maintained and the figures were as follows:

26039 patients were treated in Out-patients' Department and the number of patients admitted was 2363. There were 873 confinements during the year.

The hospital is a first class up-to-date institution, a model of its kind in Northern India. But maintenance costs of a modern hospital are heavy. This hospital has only 50 beds, yet in 1943 expenses amounted to over 56,000 and exceeded the income by Rs. 10,575/-. This result, though unsatisfactory must be expected from year to year, inasmuch as the number of free patients admitted to the hospital is far in excess the number of paying and part-paying patients and indeed the hospital must, if it deserves to bear the name of Kamala Nehru, continue to do its utmost to bring relief and comfort to the poor and the needy.

The people of Allahabad contributed their share to the capital cost of erection of the hospital, but as is well-known, the hospital is truly an all-India Memorial and men and women spread all over India gave generously in token of their regard and affection for Kamala Nehru. She served the people of Allahabad well while she lived, and even after her death, we are benefiting from the affection which she inspired far and wide. The people of Allahabad owe it not only to themselves, but also to her memory that this hospital should be maintained in an efficient condition. The needs of the hospital are many, demands upon it are heavy and its capacity to meet those demands for lack of accommodation is limited indeed. There are schemes for the expansion of the hospital, but these will require substantial funds. My immediate appeal to the citizens of Allahabad city and district is for funds to make both ends meet.

In these abnormal times, costs have arisen all round, and if patients, and particularly, mothers and their babies are to be properly looked after, there is bound to be considerable increase in recurring expenditure. In February 1943 the local committee of management organised a hospital week and there was liberal response and nearly Rs. 10,000 was collected. In 1944 owing to various causes, no such special effort could be made. The result is that the two years' deficit in working expenses amounts to over Rs. 20,000. The committee has resolved to observe a hospital week once again from the 8th of February next.

Wail Over Dearth Of Britishers To Handle Indo-Burma Trade

LONDON, Feb. 5: A position serious alike for India and for the whole Commonwealth has arisen from wastage during the years of war of numbers of the British working in India, declares "Indian Affairs" the organ of the India-Burma Association.

"In visions of increasing export trade after the war, India looms more largely than any other country", adds the journal. "But the men who can handle and expand that export trade will not be available unless there is a strong drive for recruitment now. Even younger men in India have been for years without leave. They are tired and overworked and will require a period of rest. Their places must be filled and older men replaced before plans for after-war expansion become feasible. If Indian plans for industrialisation and larger exports of goods from India are to be realised, India must be prepared to take more imports in payment for what she expects to sell abroad. For her Great Britain is a market of ever increasing importance. Yet expanded trade cannot be done unless there are available men who can promote and handle that trade."—Reuter.

"ECONOMIST" CRITICISES HILL'S REPORT

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Feb. 3.

Commenting on Prof. A.V. Hills report the "Economist" says: The author is emphatic in the long report on the inadequacy of existing Indian research and the enormous field waiting for development. A comprehensive report of this kind will be of real value in planning Indian reconstruction.

"Whether Prof. Hill's less specific proposals for finance and central organisation extended to research work are readily adaptable to smooth running under the constitution of an independent India is less certain. In such circumstances scientific research would need more than ever to preserve the degree of independence from political pressures and conflicts.

"Prof. Hill's suggestion for a special Minister responsible for six expert Boards of Research is not one these reasons entirely satisfactory nor is his urgent plea for funds from independent sources likely to make any real contribution to the problem."

The "Spectator" welcomes the report. It says: 'To convey fruits of scientific research to the ryot is a formidable undertaking but it must be attempted and can no doubt be achieved. India will need some assistance from the West and it can and should be given and accepted without any kind of political implications. The country o men like Sir Jagdish Bose has its own contributions to make in the field of scientific research but may need to learn how to apply them."

Calcutta Tramway's "No" To Corporation

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5.

The Calcutta Corporation have received a letter from the Board of Directors of the Calcutta Tramway Company reiterating the continuance of the Company's right to possession of the entire tramways undertaking.

The Corporation had decided on December 22, to form a transport board in collaboration with the Government of Bengal to take control of the tramways in Calcutta and suburbs.

The letter states that the Corporation's notice of June 27 as explained in subsequent letters was not a notice in terms of the agreement of December 9, 1899, since the Corporation claimed delivery not only of tramways which were the subject matter of that agreement, but the entire undertaking, including tramways not operated under agreement with the Corporation. The position, when the proposal was made, was that the Corporation was not prepared to take delivery in the terms of the agreement nor legally competent to take delivery in terms of the notice so explained. There was and is no question of leaving the notice in abeyance.

The letter says that if the Corporation executes a contract in the manner required by the Municipal Act, the Company would be willing to join in discussions with the Government of Bengal regarding the Government proposal for the formation of a transport board with a view to a tripartite agreement being effected.—A.P.

Bhopal's Fight Against Illiteracy

BHOPAL, Feb. 5: Thirty per cent of illiteracy has been liquidated in Bhopal City as a result of enforcement of compulsory education, declared Mr. Abuassalam Siddiqui, Director of Education, Bhopal, addressing the Bhopal Rotary Club.

SOVIET T. U. CHIEF DEMANDS WORLD FEDERATION

LONDON, Feb. 4: "The formation of an effective world federation of trade unions is one of the most important and most responsible tasks confronting the trade unions of the democratic countries in this last and most difficult stage of the war," says V. Kuznetsov, President of the Soviet All-Union Central Council, writing in "Reynolds' News."

"Such a body can ensure still greater mobilisation of the working class for the achievement of victory over Hitlerism. Workers of all democratic countries—those whose representatives will attend the Trade Union Conference and those who will not be represented owing to their leaders—place great hopes on this forthcoming conference, anticipating that it will lay firm foundations for a world trade union organisation.

"These hopes and expectations must not be disappointed."—"Globe."

CHIANG KAI-SHEK GREETS U. S. AMBASSADOR Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, greets Major General Patrick J. Hurley (right) as the latter arrived to present his credentials as U. S. Ambassador to China at a special audience on January 8, 1945. Mr. Wu Nan-ju, director of protocol for the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, escorts General Hurley.—U. S. O. W. I.

Athens Peace Parleys

Delay Due To Examination Proposals

ATHENS, Feb. 5

Resumption of the EAM Government talks scheduled for Sunday afternoon failed to take place. Greek Government circles stated, "A pause is necessary for the examination of the proposals made by both sides." The Cabinet is expected to meet to-day.

After a day of informal negotiations Government representatives tonight addressed a letter to the EAM delegates in reply to their claim that the Government's proposals to prosecute common criminals were unsatisfactory in that it was not possible to isolate purely criminal cases without entailing widespread victimisation for political views.

The Government letter defined in detail what constitutes a criminal charge and provides for the establishment of precise legal machinery to give every possible safeguard against summary judgment.

The letter is stated to represent the "extreme limit" of Government concessions and to be drafted on "very generous lines."

FORMER MINISTERS TO BE TRIED

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent says:

The Greek Ministry of Justice announces that nine former Ministers who took office under the Germans are to be tried.

The Ministers are being brought from Egypt by air to stand their trial separately before the civil court in Athens. They are expected to reach the city on Monday or Tuesday.

Among those to be tried are John Rallis, last Greek Premier under the Germans and General Theodore Panzalos, Dictator of Greece in 1922, both of whom were in Athens prison when it was captured by ELAS forces.—Reuter.

CHINESE COMMANDER DECORATED

Lt. Gen. Daniel I. Sultan, Commander of the American forces in the India-Burma theatre of war, shakes hands with Major Gen. Li Hung, Commander of the Chinese 38th Division, somewhere in North Burma. General Sultan had just presented the Chinese General with the Silver Star, U. S. decoration for valour, for his part in the Hukawng Valley campaign in northern Burma early in 1944.

ENGLISHMAN TO BE KASHMIR PREMIER?

SRINAGAR, Feb. 4: It is understood that an Englishman is becoming the Prime Minister of Kashmir in succession to Sir B. N. Rau who is now in deputation with the Government of India and who, it is reported, will not return but would join the Government of India as Reforms Commissioner.—O. P.

KHER IN GUJARAT

AMRELI Feb. 5: Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, Mrs. Kher and party arrived here on Sunday evening and were given a rousing reception. Mr. Kher addressed Harijans and members of the Harijan Sevak Sangh on Sunday night. Members of the Kathiawar Political Conference are meeting Mr. Kher to discuss the Provincial political situation and to seek guidance in implementing the Constructive Programme laid down by Mahatma Gandhi.

Big Haul Of Plate Glass In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5.

Plate glass worth over one lakh of Rupees was seized on Saturday last from Rajabazar and Chinabazar areas by the officers of the Industries and Civil Supplies Department of the Government of India, aided by the Enforcement Branch of the Police. Several arrests were made. Further investigation is proceeding.—A. P.

THE SPORTSMAN'S SPORTSFOLIO

(BY J. C. MAITRA)

The Board of Control for Cricket in India has now reversed its former decision and has decided to send an All-India team under the leadership of Vijay Merchant to Ceylon next month. The reversal is due to the pressure from Ceylon itself. The Ceylonese are anxious to entertain an All-India team in their island. Now that the war situation and other conditions are more favourable the tour will not inflict any great hardship on anybody—though the 'Tartars' of the Cooperage may think otherwise. Anyway it will give the cricket-lovers of both the countries something to talk about during the next few weeks.

OMISSIONS UNACCOUNTABLE

I have not the least doubt in my mind the hosts will enjoy the visit immensely. The selected 13 players are fully representative of Indian cricket, but I cannot understand why Amir Elahi and Gul Mahomed are not among them. Their claims are certainly stronger than those of Sarwate and Parthasarathy respectively. With 'Duleep' in the Selection Committee one expects the selections to be beyond reproach. If there is any substantial reason for the exclusion of the two players mentioned above, Homi Contractor, the selector from Bombay, would do well to enlighten the public in this regard. There is however no doubt the Indian team will be far too strong for the Ceylonese. Still such exchange of visits is always welcome from every point of view.

MAHARASHTRA HOLDS BOMBAY

The hockey match between Bombay and Maharashtra held at Poona last Sunday ended inconclusively, each side scoring once. This is rather surprising in view of the fact that the home team was without the services of three of their best men in Phillips and the Nimal brothers. Why they were kept out is still a mystery, unless the tug-of-war between Poona and Kirkee which has been going on for some time is responsible for it. If this be so, it will hardly do any good to Maharashtra hockey. Bombay on the other hand, could not field Hakim and Munir and Johnny Pinto seems to have failed to make the journey. Actually a Poonaman had to fill the vacancy caused by him. No wonder Bombay's attack was not upto the mark, when the return match is played in Bombay, I am sure there will be a different story to tell. Maharashtra would do well to send their strongest combination to try their mettle here.

GORAKHPUR FIXED

Gorakhpur has now been definitely fixed for the Inter-Provincial Tournament. Evidently the U. P. Sports Control Board considers this place more paying their capital, Lucknow. I understand Bombay has been invited to play a match at Lucknow before going to Gorakhpur. I consider this a relieving feature of the otherwise uninteresting journey. I have no doubt Bombay's selectors would choose their men wisely. But Maharashtra should not hold back their best men from the field owing to their personal differences. That is not sport.

CORDER'S FEAT

The Bombay-Poona Cycle Race over a distance of 113 miles ended in a victory for Sydney Corder of Poona. There is nothing surprising about it. The Champion Cyclist of India will take a lot of beating yet. Corder was sorry that he could improve his last year's timing by more than twelve and a half minutes as there was nobody to give him a good run for his money. Actually he covered the distance in 5 hours, 57 minutes and 30 seconds. Ten miles separated him from the second man, K. B. Gaikwad who was also from Poona. What has happened to the Bombay Cyclists that they are taking every defeat lying down?

"TIGHTEN UP FIELDING IN INDIA"

DULIPSINGHJI'S SUGGESTION.

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Prince Dulipsinghji, in an interview to the Associated Press, made some suggestions for the improvement of the standard of Indian cricket.

He said: "We need first class practice, naturally with more varieties of players, more tightening up of fielding and a little more interest in the higher tactics of game. Naturally, temperament also plays an equally great part and our players should not be flustered by any unexpected setback. They must realise that in Test Cricket there are bound to be ups and downs.

"All these things", he added, "could be improved by the employment of the right type of coaches. Our boys must be brought up in the right spirit and they must learn the simple things which they will not forget when they, in later days, play first class cricket. A good number of our players do lack knowledge of these simple things. Bowling and fielding are our weak points, particularly fast and medium bowling. We have got spin bowlers and we are asking too much of the spin bowlers to carry on."

Prince Dulipsinghji favoured a visit either by an Indian Test team to England or an English team to India immediately after the war was over. He also suggested a network of cricket grounds throughout India laid in such a fashion as would be advantageous to bowlers and batsmen alike.—A. P.

BATTLE OVER CALCUTTA CORPORATION LYMPH

• DR. B. C. ROY CHALLENGES BENGAL GOVERNMENT

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5.

Dr. B. C. Roy in a statement calls upon the Government of Bengal to publish the report of experts, who had declared that lymph produced at the Corporation Laboratory was not safe for anti-small-pox yaccinations.

"I am happy to see the keenness and enthusiasm of H. E. the Governor and the Government of Bengal to secure better hygienic conditions and to adopt more effective measures for the prevention of diseases so far as the city of Calcutta is concerned. I only hope that the Province as a whole will not be forgotten", Dr. Roy adds.

CLASH WITH CORPORATION

"But the enthusiasm of the Government", continues Dr. Roy, has already come to a clash with the Corporation of Calcutta on many matters, the latest one has been a tussle, as the public knows, as to who should provide security against small-pox for the citizens of Calcutta."

"We are not interested in this squabble but Saturday's Government communique has raised some broader issues. It calls upon all persons who were vaccinated with Corporation lymph after November 1, to be re-vaccinated."

Dr. Roy says that he has since November 1 done re-vaccinations in a large number of cases, including himself, with Corporation lymph. He can categorically state the number of successful re-vaccinations has been much larger than in other years: So has been the experience of some of his Doctor friends.

Calling for a report of the experts who examined Corporation Lymph, Dr. Roy says: "Experience is accumulating to indicate that immunisation and sensitization are contiguous progresses. The tissues of a person who has been vaccinated with a lymph even of low potency are always prone to be sensitised to the virus and a repetition might be risky."—A. P.

SECTION 144 IN LUCKNOW

Sequel To Shia-Sunni Fracas

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5: Some persons were injured when brickbats were thrown at a Shia procession taken out in connection with the "Chelum" in the Baluchpura Mohalla. Three Sunnis have been detained in this connection.

The authorities have promulgated since 4 p.m. yesterday an order under Section 144 Cr. P.C., in the City prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons, taking out of processions, holding of meetings, etc.—U. P.

Viceroy Visits Bangalore

BANGALORE, Feb. 4.

Their Excellencies, the Viceroy and the Vicereine arrived in Bangalore this evening by air. The party left Delhi about ten o'clock this morning, and it is learnt that the weather was pleasant throughout except for the last hundred miles, when it was bumpy.—A. P.

BRITISH CRICKET COACHES FOR INDIA

Improvement Committee Favours Professionalism

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

A comprehensive scheme for the employment of experienced cricket coaches from England in India was discussed at a meeting of the Sub-Committee of the Board of Cricket Control for the Improvement of Cricket. It was tentatively agreed that immediately after the war was over, a few cricket coaches should be brought from England for engagement at various centres. The committee has proposed to ask the associations to formulate in turn their own schemes on coaching covering schools and colleges. It was also decided to ask the associations to draw and give effect to a programme for encouraging the game in schools.

The question of recognition of professionalism was also considered and it was felt that the system must be encouraged by every province with an assurance of minimum monthly salary of Rs. 250 to each professional.

On the question of brightening up of Indian cricket and particularly the scheme for limiting the play in Ranji Trophy to a hundred overs to each side and dividing the rest of the time evenly, the committee has decided to drop the proposal at present. The committee also discussed the question of running the Ranji Trophy on a knock-out basis on zonal system.

It is pointed out that the decisions have only been tentative and Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Secretary, has been charged with the task of preparing the report for submission to the Board after the Committee finally approves the decisions.—A. P.

MADRAS TENNIS

Tara Deodhar Beaten In Women's Singles

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Following are the results of today's matches in the All India Tennis Championship:

MEN'S SINGLES: Prem Pandhi beat S. De Costa 6/4, 3/6, 6/1. Ghulam Ghouse w o K. Sen. Ghulam Ghouse beat Halkatti 6/2, 6/3, A. E. Owen beat Weinberg 6/2, 6/2.

MEN'S DOUBLES: P. L. Narayan Rao and M. Ramarao beat Muppana Ramarao and Veerabhadra Rao 7/9, 6/2, 6/3. Prem Pandhi and V. R. Raju beat C. V. R. Chowdhury and A. Ramachandra 6/0, 6/4. A. E. Owen and Ghulam Ghouse beat H. Balaram Rao and Raghunathan 6/1, 6/1.

MIXED DOUBLES: Kapinipathy and Mrs. Iyengar beat Bhujangarao and Mrs. Shenoi 6/3 6/3.

LADIES SINGLES: Miss L. Woodbridge beat Miss Tara Deodhar 6/3, 6/2.

LADIES DOUBLES: Miss D. Sansoni and Miss L. Merchant beat Mrs. Iyengar and Mrs. Webb 6/0, 6/2.—A. P.

Madras Honours Cricketer And Philanthropist

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

The Madras Corporation to-day presented civic addresses to Mr. V. L. Ethiraj, a prominent city lawyer who has donated Rs. 10,00,000 for the establishment of a Women's College in the city and to Prince Dulipsinghji, the well-known Test cricketer.

Prince Dulipsinghji thanked the Corporation for the honour and said that his great hope was that before long there should be playing fields for all games in every village and town in India for the poor and rich alike.—A. P.

ZAMINDAR SHOT DEAD

SHIKARPUR, Feb 4.

Chhutal Khan, a prominent Zamindar of this division, is reported to have been shot dead by a gang of four persons who raided his house in the village of Jaman yesterday. The police are investigating.

TEST CASE ON LEVY ORDERS?

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Feb. 5.

Validity of the Bombay Government's levy scheme is likely to be challenged in a law court, as it is gathered that prominent lawyers from Bombay and others in District places hold it to be illegal, being based on indefinite and changeable data in its working.

Indians And Soulbury Commission

MIRAJ, February 5: "The Soulbury Commission is now examining witnesses. It will go on for a month or so", writes Mr. M. S. Aney, Representative of the Government of India in Ceylon.

Mr. Aney adds: "Much of the future of the Indians in this island will depend upon the view which the Commission may take of their rights and status."—United Press.

Chief Justice To Visit Thana

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU, Feb. 4: Sir Leonard Stone, Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, will visit Thana next month. It is understood that he will be accompanied by Lady Stone. Both of them are likely to be the guests of Mr. R. D. Shinde, District and Session Judge, Thana. Sir Leonard is expected to visit two courts, one at Bhiwandi and the other at Panvel.

PROBATION OFFICERS' CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU Feb. 4.

A conference of superintendents of Certified Schools and Probation Officers, will be held in Bombay in the third week of February. Sir Charles Bristow, Adviser to H. E. the Governor of Bombay will deliver the inaugural address.

CHEMICAL INDUSTRY IN JAWHAR

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU, Feb. 4: It is understood that some of the Bombay capitalists are contemplating the starting of Chemical industries in Ashagad, in Jawhar State. The State authorities have, it is understood, promised full co-operation. The persons concerned made a survey of the place. Further details are awaited. Jawhar is making strides of progress in industrial sphere.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR.

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Following are to-day's quotations in the Stock Exchange: —

SUGAR AND BREWERIES: Deccan (10) 30 do (25) 93; India Sugar 34; Mysore Sugar 61/8; South India 16/8; Travancore 14/12.

PLANTINGS: Cochin Malabar 16/8, Chembra Peaks 9/14; Manalur 6/10; Nilambur 20/8; Nellithan 14; Pullangodes 3/1; Thirumbadi 4/8; Vaikundam 20/12; Vellamalai 29/8; Vellitam 30; Woodlands 11/12

TEXTILES: Bangalore Wool 467 B and Co. ordy 315; Coimbatore Murugan 190 do New 99; Kothari Text 32/12; Lakshmi 155 do New 76; Pankaja 283; Sitaram Spg. 182; Vasantha 312

MISCELLANEOUS: Cement 109; Bruntons 12, Hind Trust 26; Ind 22 Roll 9; Mysore Cham and Fert 30; Motjur Chem 16; Mettur Chem Dfd 6/4; Singareni 21; Spencer 13/8.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET.

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 5.

Local shares and particularly Calicos encountered general buying offset by speculative selling and tired liquidation, prices moved narrowly. Share market closing quotations:—

Ambica 4s3, Gujarat Cotton 42, Gupi Tar 363, New National 405, Nusan 467/8, Marsdan 193, Monogram 163, Robit 367/8, Vikram 390, Sarapur 607.

INDORE SHARE MARKET.

INDORE CITY, Feb. 5.

Following are the closing quotations on Indore Share Bazar:—

Indore Malwa 701, Hukamchand 971, Bhandari Mill 881, Vinod Mill 710, Kalyanmal 390, Kalyanmal Preference 190, Rajkumar 585, Indore Bank 10.

AKOLA BAZAR RATES.

AKOLA, Feb. 5.

Kapas arrived 250 Carts, Rates: Zarila 154, Gavarani 112, Cotton Seeds 39/8, Groundnuts Oil 28/8, Coorid 45.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5.

The market continued better after the week-end. Coals and Miscellaneous industrials showed further gains in their values while others remain more or less unchanged. Government securities were unaltered.

HUNDI RATE OF KORIES.

BHUJ, Feb. 5.

To-day Hundi Kories 365/8.

Andhra Congressmen's Full Faith In Mahatma

Sub-Committee To Take Steps To Carry Out Constructive Programme

ELLORE Feb 4

Andhra Congressmen still adhere to the Congress policy as laid down in the A I C C resolution of 8th August 1942 minus the clause relating to mass Satyagraha and as interpreted by Mahatma Gandhi after his release. This affirmation of the Congress policy is expressed in a resolution adopted by the Andhra Congress Assembly today.

The main resolution of the Assembly relating to the political deadlock in the country said "the Congress cannot accept any proposals other than or falling short of those set forth by Mahatma Gandhi and opined that the attempts of Bhulabhai Desai and the Sapru Committee would at best pave the way only and nothing more, for future negotiations."

The resolution also stated "the Congress cannot accept any proposals other than those formulated by the Congress Working Committee if and when its members are released unconditionally. As it is evident that the British do not intend to part with power in India but are continuing to suppress Indian National aspirations through continued rule and repression through ordinances and the Defence of India Act, this assembly expresses its determination to strive for national freedom under Mahatma Gandhi's leadership."

Other resolutions passed by the Assembly expressed its complete confidence in Mahatma Gandhi's leadership and promised its wholehearted co-operation in all attempts of Mahatma Gandhi to bring about communal unity and amity between Indian States and British India.

ABOLISH CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

The Assembly demanded abolition of capital punishment for political offenders and protested against "the unfair treatment" of political prisoners in the Madras Presidency jails. The Assembly decided to appoint a sub-committee to take steps for rendering financial and other help to the families of political sufferers.

Andhra Congressmen's faith in Mahatma Gandhi's constructive programme was affirmed by another resolution and it was decided to appoint a sub-committee to take steps to carry out the programme.

The Assembly condemned the move by a Madras Harijan M.L.A. to form a coalition ministry in Madras.—A.P.

WHY REDS WERE EXCLUDED

Mr. K. Subbarao, convener of the meeting, explaining why the assembly excluded the Communists said that it was not because they hated the Communists or their party, but because there were fundamental differences between them and the Congressmen. While the policy of the Congress had all along been "non-co-operation with the British Government till the establishment of a national government", the slogan of the Communists had been and still was "cooperate with the Government and try for a national government". Even though the Congress offered co-operation in fighting Fascism and Nazism the Viceroy, without even as much as consulting the peoples elected representatives, proclaimed war on behalf of India. This war which was declared without any regard for the people of their representatives, had been hailed as a people's war by the Communists. The Communists ideal was internationalism while congressmen preferred nationalism. He appealed to every true Communists not to try to enter the Congress and to every Congressman not to join the Communist Party.—A. P.

TRIALS OF ANDHRA WORKER

An Appeal For Help

(From A Correspondent.)

On account of his political activities, Mr. S. Srihari Rao of Tadepalligudam, West Godavari District was classified as a "habitual criminal" by the Madras Government and kept in the habituals' Central Jail at Vizagapatam in 1931. Owing to the ill-treatment meted out to him in this jail, he went on hunger-strike for 67 days. The Provincial and Central Governments were moved, and Mahatma Gandhi also interceded in the matter and Mr. Rao broke his fast.

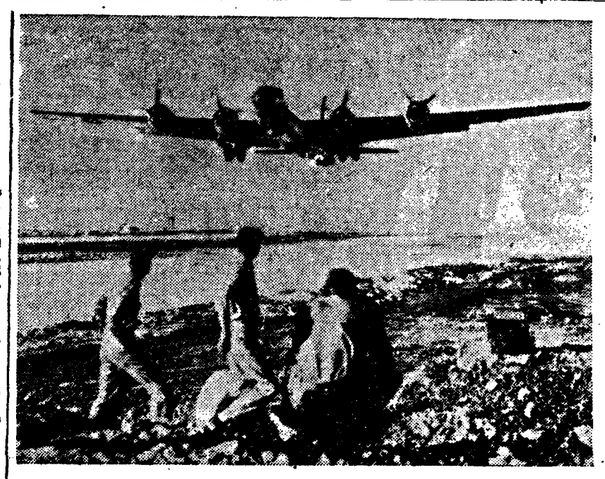
In 1942 again, in connection with the political movement Mr. Rao was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and sent to Alipuram Jail, Bellary. Here Mr. Rao had occasion to question the Superintendent of the Jail regarding shortage in rations and inadequacy of supply of medicines and water. Mr. Rao also drew the attention of the district, provincial and Central Governments to the subject.

SENT TO MENTAL HOSPITAL.

Subsequent to this there was a severe lathi-charge in the jail, and Mr. Rao was transferred to the Mental Hospital, Cuddalore. The Medical Officer of this Mental Hospital, however, certified Mr. Rao as perfectly sane granted him two months' special remission and released him later.

Having thus come out of jail, Mr Rao has served legal notices and filed a suit against the Madras Government and the Superintendent and M. O. of Alipuram Jail for damages for wrongful detention.

The suit has been admitted in the District Court, Bellary. Issues have been framed, and it stands posted to 24-1-45 for the filing of the list of witnesses by both the sides. Mr. Rao has come to Bombay for financial help. He has spent more than Rs. 3,000 upon the suit during the past one year and must send Rs. 5,000 by wire to his lawyer at Bellary to be deposited in the Court that day (24-1-45) for the witnesses and the appointment of Commissions. An appeal is made to the public to extend their general help to him in his fight.



SUPERFORT TAKES OFF TO ATTACK TOKYO. Its four engines roaring, a B-29 Superfortress takes off from its base on Saipan in the central Pacific Marianas to attack industrial areas in the Japanese homeland.—U. S. O. W. I.

WHICH MUSLIMS RULED INDIA?

Moonje's Rejoinder To Liaquat Ali

MADRAS, Feb. 4.

Referring to the recent statements of Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, General Secretary, All-India Muslim League, that "the Muslims were the rulers of India for 800 years and that Dr. Moonje and Mr. Savarkar want to be on the throne of Delhi so that they may rule over the whole of India," Dr. Moonje in the course of a statement says:

"So far as I know most of the Nawabs of Lucknow are converts from Hinduism during the last two or three centuries and so is perhaps Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan also. Eight hundred years ago there was not a single Mussalman in India. At no time during 800 years' foreign rule in India the Hindus converted to Islam were the rulers of India. Hindus as Hindus sometimes under the leadership of Rajputs, at other times under the leadership of the Mahrathas and later on under the leadership of the Sikhs were ruling in India. Therefore, it is absolutely wrong and untrue to say that the present Hindu-Muslim community of India of 6 or 7 crores, which Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan of the Muslim League now aspires to represent, were ever the rulers of India at any time during the last 800 years.

"The sooner this illusion is removed the better will it be for the Muslim masses and if ever Mussalmans could be brought into a mood of joining hands with Hindus as their real brothers in blood and bones, it would be only when this illusion is killed outright."

About the apprehension that the Hindu Mahasabha is out for establishing a Hindu raj in India, Dr. Moonje says: "The fact is that the Hindu Mahasabha wants to establish in India a democratic raj on the basis of 'one man, one vote.' It will be neither a Hindu raj, nor a Muslim raj nor a Christian raj. It will be the Democratic raj of the entire people of India where every national of India will be a free and unfettered citizen, where there will be no favouritism or animosity for one community or the other; but all will have the best things of life on the basis of merit and intelligence."—United Press.

Liaquat Ali Denies Report

WARDHAGANJ, Feb. 4.

"There is no truth in the report appearing in a certain section of the press that an agreement or a settlement has been reached between me and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai", said Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Assembly Party, in an interview to Associated Press when he passed through Wardha en route to Delhi from Hyderabad.

"Our organisational work in South India is progressing well and we are getting good support to our demand from our coreligionists", he added.—A.P.I.

Agricultural Debt Relief

Concessions For Men In Defence Services

The draft of the Bombay Agricultural Debtors Relief (Amendment) Bill, 1945, is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Government of Bombay on or after 28th February, 1945. Any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Revenue Department from any person with respect to the draft on or before the date will be considered by Government:—

The following is the statement regarding the amending bill:—

"In August 1943, the Government appointed a Committee to inquire into the working of the Bombay Agricultural Debtors Relief Act, 1939, with a view to ascertain the defects which obstruct the smooth working of the Act and the measures to be taken for remedying those defects and to suggest measures for simplifying the procedure of debt adjustment and to provide for a large scale and speedy composition of agricultural debts. The present Bill is intended to give effect to the recommendations of the Committee accepted by Government.

Provision is also being made to safeguard the interest of debtors who are temporarily engaged in any of the Defence Services. They are being exempted from personal cultivation of land if they had been cultivating the land personally at the commencement of the first of the two cultivating seasons immediately preceding the date of the establishment of the Board or the date of joining the Defence Service. It is also proposed to exclude their income from service for the purpose of calculating income from sources other than agriculture and manual labour under sections 2 (6) (a) (iv) and 2 (6) (b) (iv). Provision is also being made to enable such of them as cannot appear before the Board on account of war conditions to appoint agents to appear and conduct the proceedings before the Boards on their behalf."

"Attack On Indian Rupee"

Mr. G. G. Palekar, Secretary of the Goa Congress Committee, Bombay Branch, writes:—

The Government of India has banned the pamphlet "An Attack on the Indian Rupee" issued by the Goa Congress Committee in June 1944 and has seized the copies in possession of the publisher and the printer. The ban has come as a surprise to us and particularly as it comes six months after the appearance of our publication which aimed at re-establishing the credit of the British Indian currency in Goa.

In fact, the deliberate discredit of the British Indian currency in benefit of the inconvertible paper notes of the Banco Nacional Ultramarino, started in 1940 at the worst moment of the war for Great Britain, was definitely an hostile act. As a result British Indian currency was badly depreciated in Goa and suffered a regular discount of 15 percent or more in relation to the inconvertible Portuguese paper currency. And through this speculation the Goan emigrants of the poor class were robbed of more than a crore of rupees on their remittances to Goa.

In consequence of our exposure a strong public protest was raised by the Goan community in Bombay which till then limited itself to making humble appeals to the civil and ecclesiastical authorities; and a Committee of Action was formed in Bombay to deal with the matter. Our booklet provoked the intervention of the Indian Chambers of Commerce. And as a result of the wide publicity given by the press to our full exposure, within a short time, the Banco Nacional Ultamarino started to accept British Indian currency at par, which it had refused systematically to do for more than three years, and the discount of the British Indian bank notes fell abruptly to 3 per cent even in black market.

The speculation on the Indian rupee still continues in Goa although in a much smaller scale than previously.

Sargent To Preside Over Vidya Bhawan Society Function

UDAIPUR, (By Mail).

The Vidya Bhawan Society is busy preparing for its 13th Anniversary. The celebrations will commence on February 11 and will be presided over by Dr. John Sargent, Educational Adviser to the Government of India.

On this occasion the Indian Public Schools' Conference will also be held at Vidya Bhawan on February 10, 11 and 12. Headmasters and principals of different public schools in India will participate. Dr. John Sargent is likely to attend this conference also.

Let Deshmukh Stay Back

Natal Indian Congress Appeal

DURBAN, Feb. 4.

The Natal Indian Congress executive has decided that Mr. R. M Deshmukh, High Commissioner-designate for India in South Africa, should not proceed to South Africa until the Pegging Act is repealed and unless the residential property regulation ordinance and Housing and Local Authorities Expropriation Ordinances are vetoed.

The Indian community is seriously perturbed over series of repressive legislation passed at the instance and the unreasonable agitation of Natal Britishers.

The arrival of the High Commissioner-designate with the Pegging Act still on the statutes and the three ordinances hanging over the heads of Indians as the sword of damocles will be a means of losing the last vestige of self-respect that the South African Indians possess.

In order to maintain the dignity and honour of the Indian nation, the Congress urges India Government and the people of India to refuse to allow Mr Deshmukh to come out to South Africa as its High Commissioner.—Reuter.

Cripps Returning To Labour Party

LONDON Feb. 4: The return of Sir Stafford Cripps to the Labour Party is almost certain within the next few days, says Globe's political correspondent. He is regarded as one of Labour's chief electoral assets and his return will be welcomed by the Socialists.

PLEA FOR "GREAT CHANGE"

Reuter adds: In this connection, "I am convinced that private enterprise cannot succeed in coping with our post-war difficulties" declared Sir Stafford Cripps, Minister of Aircraft Production Sir Stafford added: "I do not believe that a sudden revolutionary change after the war would be acceptable to people or be very practical. We must, however, lay the foundation for a great change".—Reuter.

U. S. BANKERS REJECT BRETTON WOODS PLAN

Feel It Will Increase The Already Grave Danger Of Inflation

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

American Bankers' Association in a report tonight rejected the Bretton Woods Plan for an International Monetary Fund. The Association—a private organization of bankers executives—said the fund "would increase the already grave danger of inflation, would delay fundamental economic adjustments and would fail to protect the principles and interests of the United States and her citizens."

They suggested that some of its features relating to currency stabilization fund should be incorporated in the functions of the proposed international bank for reconstruction and development which, with minor changes, they approved. They also suggested repeal of the United States laws which prevent loans being made to defaulting nations on old war debts.

The report said the British situation was a vital factor in any stabilization programme. An essential step in world recovery was a plan for Britain much of whose substance had been drained off in the war.—Reuter.

"Harmful To One-Third Of City's Population"

"Skimmed-Milk Scheme Will Benefit Foreign Producers At Cost Of Milk Suppliers"

By ordering the compulsory use of skimmed-milk powder for civilian use the Government is creating a steady market for the accummulated stock of this foreign product at cost of Indian milk supplies and suppliers and endeavouring to kill not only the milk merchants, hotels, but also proposing to deteriorate the health of the civilians, observes the Hon. Secretary of the Bombay and Suburban Hotel Keepers' Association in a statement on the proposed Scheme of the Government of banning use of cow's or buffalo's milk for coffee or tea in hotels in Bombay.

USE ONCE CONSIDERED CRIMINAL

He points out how the use of this powder was considered an offence and how the Municipal courts had heavily fined several hotel-keepers in the past for use of this "harmful" product adulterating milk. He seems to be amazed at the gesture of the Government to order a compulsory use of this product when addition of it with milk was considered an offence against public health and welfare.

He appeals to the Government not to stab the milk suppliers at the back by its endeavour to consume the accummulated stocks of skimmed milk

WILL AFFECT OVER SIX LAKHS PEOPLE

He further points out how the scheme of the supply of skimmed milk which lacks nutrition will directly affect the health of about 6 00 000 homeless dependent on hotels and nearly 60,000 hotel employers whose homes are hotels.

He attributes the cause of this present crisis to the Government failure to import sufficient number of buffaloes and fodder.

Hotels & Food Grain Ration Permits

Mr. M. H. Vyas, Hon. Secretary Bombay and Suburban Hotel Keepers' Association, writes:—

With reference to the letter of Mr. G. G. Gokhale, the Public Relations Officer (Rationing), Bombay, published in the press, I have to request you to publish my reply thereto, in the esteemed columns of your paper;—

Mr. Gokhale states that it is difficult to understand why Mr. Vyas should insist on outdoor servants being included in the food grain ration permits granted to the catering establishments. My reply to him is as under:—

Mr. Gokhale is fully aware that the quota allotted to the catering establishments are calculated on the basis of the employees employed in a particular establishment. This basis is irrational and improper because the extent of the business that is done by an establishment cannot be rightly gauged by the number of the employees employed. Hotels visited by rich people employ greater number of employees than those visited by the poorer section of the public for the simple reason that the burden of employing greater number of employees cannot be borne by such type of establishments. Therefore the proper basis should have been the number of the customers who are served daily and the kinds of the meal served.

Since the quota allotted to the catering establishments are calculated on the basis of the number of the employees, one can easily understand the reluctance on the part of the Rationing Authorities to include the outdoor servants of the Hotels in the Food-Grain Ration Permits as their inclusion would entitle the hotel keepers to claim more.

Moreover the present position is very deplorable inasmuch as the catering establishments are concerned. Some employees are included in the food-grain ration permits and others are not therefore naturally it causes great hardships to the Hotel keepers since it is not possible for them to ascertain from the food-grain ration permits, the names of the employees that are not included in the permits. Moreover thereby two separate classes of servants are created, one included and another excluded, thereby giving rise to many misunderstandings and complications, which could have been easily avoided by including all employees in the Permits.

Moreover the majority of the hotel keepers are illiterate and so it is very hard for them to obtain ration cards for the employees and to get them exchanged every now and then. The nature of the Hotel business is such and the changes in the employment are so frequent that it is very hard, say impracticable to get separate ration cards for the employees excluded and to get them transferred every now and then.

Finally I ask Mr. Gokhale, to say why the Rationing Authorities are obstinate in this matter, and if the position is such that no servant goes without rations, what harm is there in including the outdoor employees? It would not change the existing position in any away and no servant will get double rations.

LASKI'S REMUNERATION GOES TO CHINESE STUDENT

Following the request of Professor Harold J. Laski, the 'Ta Kung Pao' has remitted dol. 10.000 to Lu Chin-yuan, a senior student of the National Southwest Associated University in Kunming. The amount represents the remuneration for a Sunday special article written expressly for the 'Ta Kung Pao' by Professor Laski.

The special article entitled "Reflections on the Prospects of Chinese Victory" appeared in the October 8, 1944 issue of the daily. In complying with the wishes of the renowned British Professor that the remuneration from the essay be presented for the benefit of "Chinese educational and cultural enterprise," the 'Ta Kung Pao' decided to award the money to the best student in the political science department of the National Southwest Associated University.

The daily announced on Jan. 9 that it received a letter from the Suthwest University informing the editors that the money had been given to Lu Chin-yuan and that Lu had written Professor Laski to express his thanks for the gift.

For more than ten years the 'Ta Kung Pao' has had the "Sunday special article" column which published essays penned by recognized Chinese authorities on various subjects. Professor Laski was the first non-Chinese writer to have been invited by the 'Ta Kung Pao' to contribute to the special article columns. Then the "Reflections on the Prospects of Chinese Victory" was published the editor of the paper announced that henceforth the special Sunday columns will carry from time to time writings of leading personages in foreign countries

WORLD CONFERENCE OF TRADE UNIONS

Five-Point Agenda Drawn Up For London Session

By HERBERT TRACY

Arrangements are well in hand for the World Trade Union Conference scheduled to assemble in London on February 6, on the invitation of Britain's Trades Union Congress.

Meetings of the Preparatory Committee, attended by three representatives of the U.S. (C.I.O.) Trade Unions, and an equal number from the Unions of Soviet Russia, and the T.U.C. have facilitated the organisation of the Conference. As a result of these preparatory meetings, recommendations will be submitted to the Conference embodying suggestions for the conduct of the proceedings and for a skeleton agenda.

It is confidently expected that representative Trade Union bodies in some 30 countries will send delegates to the Conference. This view is based upon the number of acceptances which the Trades Union Congress received in response to its original invitation issued for the Conference which had to be postponed in mid-1944; until then, 40 organisations in 24 countries had appointed their delegates.

After their meeting in London members of the Preparatory Committee felt that the atmosphere of friendship and mutual understanding which characterised its meetings, and the unanimity with which its decisions were reached, augurs well for the success of the Conference itself. The Committee declared its conviction that the Conference will make a significant contribution by uniting the Labour Movements of different nations to work together for speedy and uncompromising victory over the enemy; for international co-operation to ensure a lasting peace; and for an economy which will ensure to all peoples, high living standards, full employment, and greater security.

This does not mean, of course, that there will not be difficult and controversial questions before the World Conference. There may be, at the outset, some differences of view concerning the claims of particular Trade Union bodies to be seated at the Conference. Britain's T.U.C. has framed its invitation on the widest basis.

The broad principle agreed upon at the meetings of the Preparatory Committee is that representation should be accorded to every bona fide and representative Trade Union organisation with the exception of Fascist or Nazi bodies masquerading as Trade Unions.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA.

There is discussion under five heads on the provisional agenda suggested by the Preparatory Committee: (1) Furtherance of the Allied war effort; (2) Attitude of the Trade Unions towards the anticipated peace settlement, (this including the question of the general organisation of world peace, Allied occupation of ex-enemy countries, reparations, treatment of Germany, and representation of the Trade Unions in the peace discussions and at the preparatory commissions or conferences, dealing with relief, rehabilitation and post-war reconstruction); (3) Basis for a World Trade Union Federation; (4) Immediate Trade Unions' demands for the post-war period; and (5) Problems of post-war reconstruction, that is, general principles for the social and economic demands in the national and international fields, and of the fundamentals of social security and full employment.

The keenest differences or opinion probably will be found to lie less in the field of Trade Union policy than in the sphere of organisation; and discussion here will be concentrated on item three which raises the question of whether an attempt is to be made to revive and extend the existing International Federation of Trade Unions, or to set out to create a new World Trade Union Federation on a different basis.

The constitution of the existing International Federation of Trade Unions, and some deep-seated loyalties admittedly stand in the way of building a genuinely world-wide and representative organisation; for the rules of the existing Federation would admit only one national organisation or Trade Union Centre in any one country. Thus, the present system of affiliation to the Federation admits the American Federation of Labour but excludes the Congress of Industrial Organisations. Similar difficulties exist in respect of other countries where strong and big Trade Unions are attached to more than one National Centre.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN VIEW POINTS.

Britain's T.U.C. which has been a loyal and influential affiliate of the International Federation of Trade Unions for many years, and was responsible for renewing its existence after the war of 1914-18, does not believe that the quickest way to achieve world wide unity of the Trade Union Movement is by dissolving the Federation. On the other hand, the view of the spokesmen of the C.I.O. Unions appears to be that it would take too long to reconstruct the I.F.T.U., and that the present situation demands speediest possible establishment of an international body that can speak authoritatively for the Trade Unions throughout the world. The Soviet Trade Unions, moreover, apparently do not think it possible to widen the constitution of the I.F.T.U. in a way that would admit them to full participation, and which would promote the full unity of action of the Trade Union Movements in all countries.

Interesting and lively discussion is likely therefore to arise on this problem, even before the Conference reaches this item of the agenda. Many delegations will probably arrive with their minds made up on the principle of creating a new World Trade Union Federation, but with rather hazy notions about the possibility of reconstructing the existing Federation, with its wide net work of separate International Trade Union Secretariats—like the International Transport Workers' Federation, International Miners' Federation, and the International Metal Workers' Federation. All the International Trade Secretariats, and the International Federation of Trade Unions itself will be represented at the February Conference.

Sandu
HEARTINA
BEST HEART TONIC.
Specially indicated in palpitation, tachycardia, breathlessness, angina pectoris, high blood pressure and functional disorders of the heart.
Manufacturers of:-
ORIGINAL BRAHMI OIL
D. K. SANDU BROS. CHEMBUR Ltd.
Mfg. Chemists & Druggists,
CHEMBUR, BOMBAY.
Bombay Branches: Thakurdwar, Kalbadevi, Parel, Dadar

HIND BANK LTD.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS • FIXED DEPOSITS • SAVINGS BANK • DISCOUNT • LOANS • BILL-COLLECTION • INVESTMENT SERVICE.
CAPITAL
Authorised Rs. 2 crores
Issued & Subscribed Rs. 1 crore
Called and Paid-up Rs. 50 lakhs
Reserve Rs. 4½ lakhs
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Mr. K. P. Goenka (Chairman)
The Hon. Sir B. P. Singh Roy, K.C.I.E.
Mr. B. L. Jalan.
Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani.
Mr. N. D. Bangur.
Mr. B. Kumar Birla.
Mr. D. P. Goenka.
Mr. J. B. Elias.
General Manager: Mr. N.M. Chokshi

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Customers who wish to set aside funds on Fixed Deposit for short or long periods will find the terms and facilities offered by the Hind Bank consistently favourable. For smaller accounts the Savings Bank system offers many conveniences and the same standard of personal services is available to all customers operating large or small Current Accounts.

The Hind Bank Ltd.
CALCUTTA BOMBAY
London Bankers:—Midland Bank Ltd.

IT'S SO COOLING!
IT'S SO REFRESHING!
IT'S SO EXHILARATING!
VINOLIA WHITE ROSE SOAP
Why be hot when a wash with Vinolia will make you cool? Why continue to feel "sticky" when the lather of this creamy soap can make and keep you fresh? And you'll always find the scent of Vinolia stimulating, exhilarating—it has a real tonic effect on the senses and nerves.
VINOLIA WHITE ROSE SOAP
VINOLIA CO., LIMITED, LONDON, ENGLAND

Renewed Selling In Share Bazar

STEEL AND TEXTILES DECLINE

Cotton And Bullion Markets Steady

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was influenced today by report that Cement and Steel would be imported in this country. This was followed by long liquidation and quotations were marked down. As compared with the last closing Tata Steel Defds. lost Rs. 59 Ordinary Rs. 14 Bombay Dyeing Rs. 43, Kohinoor Rs. 17 and Associated Cement Rs. 5. There was a marked absence of support as professionals have liquidated these holdings while the recovery witnessed during the last week was due to technical considerations.

The Bullion Market remains highly manipulated under speculative activity of professional operators but there is more disposition to offer on upturns.

Cotton was steady on scattered covering and slightly increased buying. Produce market was quiet with poor demand.

The steadiness witnessed during the past week found no support to-day and after opening of the session there was renewed selling which resulted in a steady decline. Excellent war news and uncertainty over the Budget discourage buyers and after suffering heavy losses are not inclined to support the market on a rising trend. This shows that we are likely to have narrow markets with irregular price movements. Under such a state it will be advisable to take quick turns for some time to come. Tata Steel Defd shares opened to-day at Rs. 2120 and declined to Rs. 2080. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 403 and declined to Rs 392. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1802 and downturned to Rs. 1780. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 604 and eased off to Rs. 591. The market sentiment is nervous and the recent improvement was nothing more than a natural recovery after a big drop.

The market ruled quiet with absence of support Tata Steel Defds were placed at Rs. 2080. Ordinary Rs. 390 and Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs .1778.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/1 3/15/6 4/0/6 3/15/6 4/1/6
Bharat 62/8
B. Dyeing 1805 1800 1807/8 1785 90 83/12 91/4 73/12 83/12 70 77/8 72/8 83/12 77/8
Central India (Ord) 393 92 95 89 90/8 88 88/8 84/8 87/8 86 86/8.
Colaba 221 22/8 18 19 15/8 17/8
David 1310
Edward 65 70 75 65 80 55 60 55
Elphinstone (Ord) 86 84/8 85/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 123/12
Finlay 305 6 1 2 296 99
Gokak 302 299 301 298 99 94/8 97 94/8 95/8
India United (Defd) 3/0/6 3/1/6 3
India United (Ordy) 15/2 14/13/6 14/15 14/10/6 14/13 14/11
Indore 723/12 693/12 702/8
Khatau 331/4
Kohinoor 605 3 5 593 98 90 94 91 85 92 93
Madhusudan 457/8
Meyer 216/4 10 11/4 8/12 10
Model 267/8
Morarjee 717/8 20 5
New City 395
New Great 391 93 85 86 81 84 82 83/8 83
Phoenix 560
Sassoon Cotton 22/8
Simplex 259 56 56/8 53 54/8 52/8 54 53/8
Swadeshi 540 42 40 41 32 35 29 33 31 32
Swan 318 22 18 20 17 18 14 16 12 15
Tata Mills 65 64 64/8
Vishnu Cotton 462/8 60

RAILWAY COS

Ahmedabad Prantej 751/4 48/12
C. P. Central Province 102/8

BANKS.

A. B. C. 36
Baroda 141 42
Central 81 79 80
Hindu 79/8
Imperial (Old) 1990 95
Imperial (New) 495 93/12 96/4 95
India 191 90/8
Reserve 132 31/8 32
Union 9/4
National Savings Bank F. P. 80/8
National Savings Bank P. P 40/4

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 217/8 16 14
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1810
Tram (Ord) 151/8 51 51/12 51/8
Tram (Pref) 72/8
Karachi 233/12 36/4
Hydro 206
Power 1895 90 92/8 88/12 90

INSURANCE COS.

Empire 1000
Indian Mercantile 72/8
Jupiter 36 35/12
New India 80/8 80 80/8
Bombay Steamer 575 70 72/8
Scindia 34/10 34 34/2 33/12 34/1
Tata Steel (Defd) 2115 22/8 2092/8 97/8 92/8 2103/12 2077/8 95 80 91/4 82/8 87/8 85
Tata Steel (Ordy) 404 393/8 94/8 89 93 89 92/8 90/8 91
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 161 60/12 60/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 442/8 40
A. C. Cement 231/8 27/8 28/8 27/8 29 26/8 29 28/4
Belapur 221 19 20
Burmah (Old) 545 50 47/8 50
Burmah (New) 202/8
E. B. Petrol 5/10 5/7 5/13 5/9
Port Canning 107
P. Construction (Ord) 215 12 15 13
Shivrajpur 55 54/8 55
Tata Chemical (Ord) 20/6 20/4 20/8 20/4
Tata Chemical (Pref) 130
Tata Oil 71 70/8
Indian Mfg. 3400
Mandhra Bnon Rly 109

Gold & Silver

The Board of the Bombay Bullion Exchange with a view to restrict speculative activity has decided some measures of cauing deposits and limiting business by each member. It remains to be seen whether the same would be accepted by the General body.

Yesterday the market was closed being Sunday but a fairly large volume of business was done under vague peace rumours.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 300 bars of Silver at Rs. 119 and 5,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 67/14.

The local market was erratic with rapid fluctuations. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 119/4 and advanced to Rs. 120/12 under active buying but later declined to Rs. 119/8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 119/12. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 66/8. Forward Gold current settlement was quoted at Rs. 66 while the next settlement stood at Rs. 67/8.

Towards the close there was improved buying. Gold market is now receiving more interest. Closing quotations: Ready Gold Rs. 69/0. Current Settlement Rs. 68/15. Second Settlement Rs. 68/2. Ready Silver Rs. 120/10. Forward Silver Rs. 120/6.

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

The local market was quiet with decreased demand groundnuts Bombay Bold were Rs. 14/8, Khandesh quality Rs. 15/3, Nizam Bold Rs. 13/10, Nizam quality Rs. 14 and Goa January/March delivery business was done at Rs. 14/8. Castorseeds ready Rs. 15/13 Goa January/March delivery Rs. 15/10. Linseed C.P. and U.P. Rs. 15/9/6, G.I.P. Stations Rs. 15/8/6 and N. S. Ry. Rs. 15/6/6. Tone quiet.

Bombay Cotton

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 443/8 for March delivery and declined to Rs. 443 under scattered selling. Later on there was some short covering and March improved to Rs. 444/4. It appears that the professional interest is greatly reduced and as a result of uncertainty of survey results. Thus the market is left alone to find out its due level and we do not look for any important change in prices.

There was steady buying which improved March delivery to Rs. 447. Scattered realising developed which checked improvement and March steadied at Rs. 446/4. The market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. March	444	12	0
I.C.C. May	454	8	0
I.C.C. July	466	0	0

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 470 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

	High	Low	Close
I.C.C. March	441	441	443/12
I.C.C. May	402/8	450/8	452/4
I.C.C. July	463/8	462	403/8
Karachi March	45/14/6	45/8/3	45/14/6

Scattered Realising In N. Y. Cotton Market

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

Cotton opened quiet, one point to four points up and advance on trade buying and covering due to agitation for upward revisions of parity price formula and effectiveness of Government support programmes and the ever present inflation psychology. The market then sagged under scattered realising and hedges owing to good war news and the resultant week-end uncertainties possible partially reflecting expectations of liquidation of Government pool stocks. The market closed barely steady.

March opened at 21.87 and declined to 21.78. The session closed at a net decline of 2 to 3 points. Spot cotton price declined 6 points at 22.10c per lb.

Wall Street Operators Replace Cotton Purchases

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.

Despite the persistently good war news and sharp breaks in Bombay and Sao Paulo markets, prices edged forward under the combination of trade and Wall Street replacement demand. States weekly review. Sentiment was strengthened by the growing belief that there will be no material change in the administration of farm policies and the steadily tightening spot situation. The market's action also suggested that the possibility of sudden collapse in Germany was temporarily discounted by last week's setback. Approximately 973,000 bales of 1942 pooled cotton stocks were reported catalogued for sale by the Commodity Credit Corporation with indications of only a small percentage of the most desirable qualities. Prices in the latter part of the week reacted partially on profit-taking and hedge selling. Activity in cotton goods centred on meeting military procurements and Government directives for variety constructions leaving practically nothing for civilians.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

U. S. Steel 61-3/4 Bethelehem Steel 71 x.d. dol. 1.50 N Y Central R R Com. 23-1/4 N Y Central 5 p c 2013 90 N Y Chicago St. Louis Pfd 112 Chesapeake and Ohio 51-7/8 Chase National Bank 41-1/2 Nat. City Bank of N Y 40 General Motors 64-1/2 General Electric 38-7/8 Sun Life Assurance 345 Texas Corpn. 52-3/4 Sinclair Oil 16-1/8 Socony Vacuum 15-5/8 Anaconda Copper 31-3/8 Kennecott Copper 37 7/8 Int. Nickel 29-1/2 Amer Tel and Tel 160-7/8 Western Union 'A' 45-5/8 Consolidated Edison 26-3/4 Australia 5 p c 1955 101 Montgomery Ward 51-1/8

Federal Reserve Board increased margin requirements from 40 to 50 per cent.

MONEY MARKET.

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 1/4 1 and 2 months, 1/6 9/32 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 1/8.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 327

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2

Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 295 1/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet, dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c, 12 months 1 1/4 p c

Tone:—Easy.

BANKERS' CLEARING.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 2-2-1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,48,050.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 51,02,61,984-2-1.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

Tata Ordinary 391/8, Tata Deferred 2035, Indian Iron 38/6, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 31/12, Bombay Dyeing 1782/8, Central India 385, Century 890, Gokak 295, Kohinoor 591/14, Simplex 254, Andhra Valley 1805, Tata Hydro 205/15, Tata Power 1880, Associated Cement 230, Belapur 220, Bombay Burma (Old) 542/8.

HAPUR QUOTATIONS

HAPUR, Feb. 3.

Bullion market very active silver yesterday touched 123/6 Present 122/9 Gold 68/4 undertone steady speculators covering bearish commitments Wheat 10 Dara 9/12 Stock 530 Khattis Gram 8 Stock 47 Barley 6/10/9 Stock 156 Peas 6/4 Stock 136 Khattis up Government—have decided to issue export permits for pulses. Market improved slightly Arhar 7/5 Stock 128 Khattis Urad 13/5 Moong 10 Gur 8/12 to 9/2 Arrivals about 2000 maunds cottonseed 10/3 Mustardseed 12.

Indian Central Cotton Committee's Finances

INCREASE IN COTTON CESS SUGGESTED TO MEET POST-WAR NEEDS

The following Press Note has been issued:—

The half yearly meetings of the Indian Central Cotton Committee began on the 22nd January and concluded on the 27th January, 1944, Mr. H. R. Stewart, C.I.E., Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, presiding.

Sir Chunilal B. Mehta was re-elected Vice-President for 1944-45 and the various Sub-Committees for the year were constituted.

Considerable discussion took place on the subject dealing with the part cotton should play in the post-war planning of agricultural production. In this connection, the Committee had before it the report of a Special Sub-Committee which was appointed to examine this subject and make recommendations. It was revealed that Provincial Governments and Indian States had already reduced or proposed to reduce in the current year the acreage under cotton by 2,000,000 acres as against 3,100,000 acres (2,000,000 under short staple, and 1,100,000 under low grade medium staple) suggested by the Committee. In the opinion of the Committee the target to be aimed at was a cotton acreage not exceeding 16,100,000 acres next year as against 19,200,000 acres in 1942-43. To implement the plan certain recommendations were made which included the stoppage of irrigation water for short staple cotton production in canal irrigated tracts, the reduction of the cotton acreage by compulsion, where necessary, and the prohibition of the mixing of cotton in ginning and pressing factories by legislation. It was agreed that Provinces and States which are compelled to reduce the area under cotton and which as a consequence, will not produce sufficient cotton seed for cattle feed should be allowed to import cotton seed freely from surplus cotton seed areas.

U. S. SUBSIDY

The position arising from the proposed grant of a subsidy on American cotton exports was considered and it was decided that, in view of its adverse effect on Indian cotton, the Government of India should be requested to take up the matter with the U.S.A. administration through His Majesty's Government, and that in the event of any International Cotton Conference being held to consider this matter, a representative from India should be appointed to it in consultation with the Indian Central Cotton Committee.

Appreciative references were made to the valuable work done by Sir Chunilal B. Mehta in the interests of Indian cotton and the cotton grower during his recent visit to the U. S. A. as the leader of the Indian delegation to the International Business Conference.

The financial position of the Committee was examined and, in order to enable the Committee to extend its sphere of activities, especially in the post-war period, it was decided that a recommendation should be made to the Government of India for an increase in the cotton cess from 2 annas to 4 annas on every bale of cotton exported or brought under process in a mill. It was also suggested that Indian States should be addressed to fall in line with British India in this respect.

A resolution was passed recommending that steps should be taken for the early import of new or reconditioned textile machinery from the U. S. A. or the U. K. in order to solve the twin problems of reducing the large surplus of short staple cotton and relieving the general shortage of cloth and yarn in the country. The resolution further urged that concessions in the matter of taxation should be afforded to mills.

The desirability was stressed of continuing as a permanent feature of cotton statistics the compilation of statistics of Indian mill consumption and the stocks and receipts at mills of Indian and foreign cotton by varieties, which are at present required to be furnished compulsorily under the Defence of India Rules to the Cotton Movements Committee, and it was decided to address the Government of India in the matter.

The progress and final reports on certain schemes financed by the Committee were examined and recommendations made regarding future lines of work. The new schemes sanctioned by the Committee were: Scheme for the distribution of seed of M4 (a new early type) on the right and left banks of the Indus, the Scheme for distribution of 'Suvoe' (substitute for 1027 A.L.F.) in Navsari district of Baroda, the Scheme for multiplication and distribution of an Asiatic strain Sel. 49 and the Mysore-American strain M.A.V. in Mysore State. A revised scheme for manurial trials in Sind was also sanctioned. The Committee also agreed to the extension of the following schemes for varying periods: Scheme for the cultivation of 1027 A.L.F. in Nawapur Taluka in West Khandesh, Scheme for the improvement of the red tinted Cocanadas cotton in Madras Province and the Scheme for the grading and marking of 1027 A.L.F. and Suvoe cottons in Surat District.

RELIEF MEASURES IN BARODA

BARODA, Feb. 3.

A Baroda Government press note says "due to failure of crops owing to heavy rains in Okhamandal, the Government have sanctioned several relief measures including suspension and remission of large amounts of land revenue, tagavi etc. The total amount thus suspended and remitted comes to Rs. 4 lakhs in addition to these execution of all decrees (excepting those for maintenance) of revenue and civil courts and of co-operative societies. Compulsory education fines have also been suspended and unauthorised cultivation of waste lands and use of Government or Panchayat well's for irrigation have been exempted from fines or assessment.—A. P.

Gujarati Muslim Journalists

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A meeting of Muslim Journalists working in or conducting Gujarati journals in Bombay Province was held on February 1 with Mr. S. A. Munadi Editor of "Muslim Gujarat" in the chair when a Muslim Gujarati Journalists' Association was formed.

The following office bearers were elected for the year: Mr. N. Kureshi Editor of "Din" President, Mr. Sadik Editor of "Vatan", General Secretary and U. M Kokil and E. M. Mistry Secretaries.—A. P.

ANJAR'S POPULAR DOCTOR EXPIRES

(From A Correspondent)

JAWHAR, Feb. 3

News is received here of the death of Dr. Himatram, alias Bawabhai the elder and only brother of Dr. Biharilal Anantani the Dewan of Jawhar, which occurred at Anjar (Cutch) on the night of January 31 at the age of 60.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT, Feb. 5.

Cocoanuts Raw Rs. 90, Dry Rs. 79, Cocoanut Oil Rs 860, Copra Office Rs. 215, Dilpasang Rs. 232/8, Madrasnottam Rs. 235, Good Gooda Rs. 225 Pepper Wynaad Rs. 360, Country Rs. 330, Dry Ginger Chernad Rs. 280, Ernad Rs. 270, Coffee Robusta Rs. 90.

HAPUR QUOTATIONS.

HAPUR, Feb. 5.

Wheat Control 9/12 Fine 10, Stock 530, Khattis Gram 8, Barley 6/11, Peas 6/3, Arhar 7/5, Maize 7/2, Bajra 7/7 Urad 13/5, Moong 10, Cotton Seed 10/3, Oats 8/8, Gur 8/12 to 9/2, Guwar 6/13, Baisakh 6/8/6, Future Silver 120/8, Gold 69/8, Bardana 54/12 Markets easy on favourable war news and huge speculative sales.

Mewar Civil Service

The committee on Mewar Civil Service appointed by the public of Udaipur has issued a statement on the report of the Mewar Civil Service Examination Board stating that the report is harmful to the progress of Mewar and an insult to its genius. Mewarees are quite capable of working on any responsible post of the Government, says the statement. They are doing the work outside Mewar with remarkable efficiency. The Mewar Government ought to have found out the reason why the genius of Mewar is not willing to take services under the Mewar Government. The reason can be that the Mewar Government keeps an essential difference between Mewari and non-Mewari, which is unreasonable. Therefore, the committee requests the Mewar Government on behalf of the cultural and educated people of Mewar not to bring the recommendation of the Mewar Civil Service Examination Board into action.

Chevrolet Armoured Car

Chevrolet's formidable mobile weapon, a high-speed armoured car called the Staghound, used effectively in spearheading recent spectacular United Nations' advances in the European theatre of war, came into the limelight recently, with the story of its achievement, released by M.E. Coyle, Vice-President of General Motors Corporation, and General Manager of the Chevrolet Division, sole producer of the vehicle in the United States.

Weighing fourteen tons, it carries a five-man crew at speeds exceptionally high for an armoured combat unit. Because of its speed and fire power, it has been particularly successful on the fighting fronts as a menace to enemy supply lines and in eliminating machine gun nests and light weapon emplacements.

Unique among wheeled weapons in this war, the Chevrolet-built armoured car combines the features of a tank and a reconnaissance car, and performs acceptably over a variety of terrains. Though low-slung, it can ford sizeable streams. The vehicle has an overall length of more than 17 1/2 feet.

Each car is radio-equipped, and all crew members can converse through an intercommunication phone system. Periscopes can be used to direct the driver and sight the guns when the vehicle is in action with all hatches and ports sealed. A complete fire extinguisher system is included.

SUPPLY OF MILK POWDER TO RESTAURANTS

The supply of Skim Milk Powder to restaurants in Bombay City against permits issued to them has begun at the Cricket Club of India grounds from February 5. In order to avoid a rush the permit-holders should register their permits and obtain their supplies on the days allotted as below:—

Permits Nos. 1 to 500—February 5; 501 to 1000—February 6; 1001 to 1500—February 7; 1501 to 2000—February 8; 2001 to 2500—February 9; 2501 to 3000—February 10; 3001 to 3500—February 12; 3501 to 4000—February 13; all other Nos. and left over, February 14.

Those who have not yet received their permits should see the Establishments Officer in the Office of the Controller of Rationing.

DON'T FORGET TO HAND IN YOUR RATION CARD BEFORE LEAVING BOMBAY

THE BANK OF MYSORE, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1913
(Incorporated in Mysore State)
Liability of Members being limited.

Authorised Capital	1,00,00,000	Subscribed and Paid-up Capital	40,00,000
Issued Capital	40,00,000	Reserve Fund	61,29,030

Head Office:—BANGALORE.
Bombay Branch:—24-26, DALAL STREET, FORT.
EVERY KIND OF BANKING BUSINESS UNDERTAKEN.

D. S MANDYAM, Branch Manager.
B. V. NARAYANA REDDY, General Manager.

MUTT AND JEFF—If Jeff hadn't have landed on his head he might have got hurt

By BUD FISHER

DOC, I GOT PAINS! I'M SICK!
WHAT SEEMS TO BE THE TROUBLE?
I DUNNO! YOU'RE THE DOCTOR!
HM--- DID AN AUTOMOBILE HIT YOU?
NO SIR?
BEEN IN A FIGHT?
NO SIR!
THEN YOU'VE BEEN INDULGING IN SOME ROUGH SPORT!
YESSIR, I'VE BEEN BLOWING SOAP BUBBLES!
LITTLE CICERO AND I WERE SEEING WHO COULD BLOW BUBBLES OUT OF THE WINDOW THE FURTHEST
-AND I WON!

THE "FAMOUS" STRIDES AHEAD!

NEARLY 100% INCREASE OVER PREVIOUS YEAR!!

1944 RESULTS AFTER 2 YEARS OF EXISTENCE.

Business proposed	... ...	Over Rs.	20,00,000/-
" paid-for	... ...	" Rs.	17,00,000/-
Premium income	... ...	" Rs.	1,50,000/-

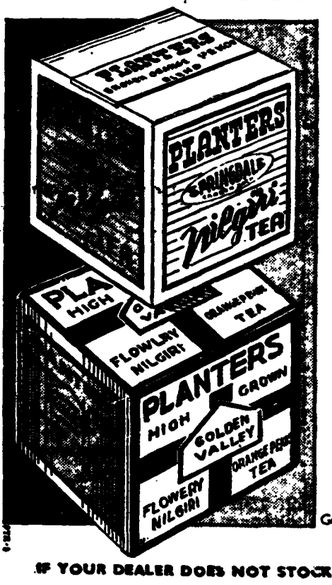
WANTED experienced and influential Workers in Bombay and other parts of India on attractive terms on Salary and/or Commission.

Apply to:—

THE FAMOUS LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
"Dhan Nur" Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort BOMBAY.

For PROTECTION and SAFETY
Provide Yourself and Your family
with a POLICY OF
INDIA NATIONAL PROVIDENT
INSURANCE CO., LTD.
8, Canning Street, CALCUTTA.
THE COMPANY OF CHOICE FOR
Middle class, Farmers, and Industrial Workers. Wanted immediately Chief Agents for different provinces in India. Apply stating terms and guarantee of business.

We're proud to introduce
PLANTERS HIGH-GROWN NILGIRI tea



SPRINGDALE and GOLDEN VALLEY HIGH-GROWN

HERE for the first time we proudly announce these two most delightful, fragrant brands of TEA. They're fresh from the Nilgiris....grown, plucked and blended under European supervision at elevations up at 6,000 feet.

IF you like GOOD TEA—if you are extra particular about what brand you use—try SPRINGDALE GREEN LABEL or GOLDEN VALLEY right now. Both brands have the same characteristics, both have a flavour and a fragrance that are superb!

Golden Valley Tea won the gold medal in the 1944 Mysore Exhibition

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT STOCK IT—SEND US HIS NAME.

THE PLANTERS COMPANY LIMITED
'SPRINGDALE' COONOOR, NILGIRIS, S. INDIA.

Agents for Bombay:—
Messrs. HOLLAND (Bombay) TRADING Co.,
214, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

AN ANCIENT REMEDY

Indian medical science has been prescribing for ages the essence of Asoka for women's functional disorders.

Compounded by modern scientific methods with the addition of gland extracts of fresh ovary thyroid and pituitary, Hormosoka is an ideal remedy with tonic values for women's functional disorders.

Other preparations include:—

GASTROSOL: For chronic Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Gastralgia.

LECOSOL: A tonic for women with curative properties for low grade infections of leucorrhoea and general debility.

HORMOSOKA

BIRLA LABORATORIES
(Proprietors: The Upper Ganges Sugar Mills Ltd.)
Head Office: 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.
Sole Distributors for Bombay:—
Messrs. B. R. MINOCHA & CO.
Lotus Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted well qualified persons to teach children (1) Fine arts, applied arts and handicrafts (2) Indian classical music. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Please apply to Smt. Leena Mangaldas Mangal Bag, Ellisbridge, Ahmedabad. 2019

Wanted experienced Milling Machine Operators. Pay according to ability. Apply in person to the Assistant to the Production Engineer, Machine Shop, Bombay Telephone Workshops, Gell Street, Bombay 11. 2022

Double Graduates, Graduates and Undergraduates, precise and strong in Arithmetic, having very good handwriting, talent for neatness and aptitude for Accounts. Previous experience not essential. Salary Rs. 95-15-155 for Double Graduates, Rs. 80-10-120 for Graduates and Rs. 70-10-110 for Undergraduates. Two-thirds salary for the first three months to those without experience. Apply in own writing giving full particulars and references to: The Personnel Secretary, Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd., Elphinstone Circle. (2026)

Wanted an elderly and experienced Lady Teacher to coach a student of 11 years old for the Junior Cambridge Examination, pay according to qualification, applicants are to send their testimonials along with the application stating the minimum pay, Box No. 7219 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Typists on a scale of pay Rs. 60-3-75 plus 25% increase of pay in lieu of overtime, plus dearness allowance Rs. 12/- P.M. Appointments will be temporary for the duration of the war. Applications accompanied by testimonials should reach the Superintendent, Ordnance Factory, Ambernath, not later than 10-2-1945. Candidates called to Ambernath for interview and fare will be expected to travel at their own expense. 1989

SITUATIONS WANTED

Wanted A Job for Youngmen knowing Gramophone Repair. Write Box No. 7221, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents and Stockists of "Goutol" a marvellous remedy for Gout, Rheumatism, paralysis, Lumbago, Neuralgia etc. Terms moderate. Apply Mukherjee Roy & Co., 6 Tilok Road, R. B. Avenue, Calcutta 1755

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Indian Made Corks available in large quantities at competitive rates. Consumers apply to Box No. 7226, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale American Boxboard cuttings. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (7224)

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

A REGISTERED ACCOUNTANT with experience of automobile stores on pay up to Rs. 400/- per mensem in the Office of the Government Transport Service, Bombay. Post temporary but likely to continue till end of war. Please apply to Director, Government Transport Service, Swadeshi Mills Estate Compound, behind Roxy Cinema, Bombay, before 10th February. (1984)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

OFFERS for the purchase of Four Air Compressor Sets, steam engine driven, lying at the Bombay Municipal Love Grove Pumping Station at Worli, will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday, the 21st February, 1945.

Offers should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Offer for Four Air Compressor Sets", addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Municipal Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 1,200/-.

Offers must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office. Intending offerers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their offers at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal office.

If an offerer revokes his offer prior to the decision of the sanctioning authority accepting his offer is communicated to him or if he fails to pay the full purchase price within 10 days from the date of such acceptance is communicated to him, the deposit lodged by him shall be absolutely forfeited to the Corporation.

A written permit to inspect the Air Compressor Sets will be furnished by the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, and any further information that may be required will be supplied by the Engineer-in-charge, Love Grove Pumping Station.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay 29-1-1945.
2016

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LTD.

Temporary Receipt.
LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the temporary receipt No. 2929 in respect of 25 shares numbered 153775/79, 629479/83 634474/78, and 658689/98 of the Associated Cement Company, Limited, standing in the name of Mrs. Gertrude Theresa Wood has been lost or mislaid, and the undersigned has applied to the company for delivery of the share certificates for the said shares.

Any person in possession of the said Temporary Receipt and/or having any claim to the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered office at Esplanade House, Waudby Rd. Bombay within one month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and deliver the Share Certificates if they think fit.

Mrs. GERTRUDE THERESA WOOD
Shareholder.

Dated 6th day of February, 1945.
2020

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjection for a temporary war duration post of Dark Room Assistant on Rs. 60-2-80 (plus dearness and other allowances admissible under rules) in Bureau of Public Information, Government of India. Age between 16 and 35. Candidate must possess knowledge of developing, printing, retouching, finishing with experience of darkroom work. Selected candidates will be called for interview at their own expense. Applications with certified copies of testimonials and certificates should reach the Assistant Principal Information Officer, Bureau of Public Information, Government of India, New Delhi, by February 25, 1945. (2025)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Special Works, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 12-00 hours on 20th Feb. 1945 for construction of 10 units 'H' type Quarters at Matunga. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 8/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 2015

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslim candidates to fill the post of Personal Assistant to the Director of Fisheries, Bengal. Pay—150-500. Persons holding substantive appointments will have their pay fixed under rule 42 of the Bengal Service Rules, Part I. Qualifications—must be M.A.'s or B.A.'s with honours of any recognised University in India or the United Kingdom; must have experience of office work; should have ability to organise an office and should have acquaintance with local conditions and a knowledge of Bengali. Age—should not be over 35. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 25th February, 1945. (2024)

HIGH COURT, FARIDKOT STATE

WANTED a Retired Judge of a High Court or Chief Court in British India for appointment as a Judge of the Faridkot State High Court on a salary of Rs. 1,500-100-2,000. All correspondence shall be kept confidential. Correspond with the Chief Justice, High Court, Faridkot State (Punjab). (1988)

AUCTION SALES

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO COLLECTORS OF ART.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY OLD AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF A UNIQUE LARGE DRESDEN VASE 4'-6" HIGH BIG LOT OF BRASS ENAMELLED FILLIGREE WORK, LIGHT DOMES DISHES, BOWLS, VASES, CLOCKS, ENGLISH FIGURES, TOYS, A BIG LOT OF JADE AND IVORY CARVED FIGURE, SNUFF BOTTLES, CANTON, CHINA WARE, RICH CROCKERY, JARS AND NUMEROUS OTHER ARTICLES OF ART.

Under instructions from M/s. Eastley Lam & Co., Attorneys for the Executrix M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 12th February, 1945, at 11-30 A.M. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms at 120 Apollo Street, Fort, the abovementioned articles belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. G. M. Banaji, well-known Collector of Curios and Antiques. On view from the 7th inst. between 11-30 to 5-30 P.M.

BENNETT & CO.

****

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

(Established—December, 1911).

Authorised Capital	Rs.	5,25,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs.	5,04,39,600
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	2,51,02,200
Reserve & Other Funds ..	Rs.	2,54,72,000
Deposits as at 31-12-44 ..	Rs.	94,48,67,000

HEAD OFFICE—Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

260 Branches and Pay-Offices throughout India.

DIRECTORS:

Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Chairman. Ardeshir B. Dubash, Esquire, Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire, Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire, Bapooji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire, Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esquire, H. F. Commissariat, Esquire.

LONDON AGENTS:—Messrs. Barclay's Bank Limited and Messrs. Midland Bank Limited.

NEW YORK AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Banking Business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

****

OUR WORKING AGENTS ARE TO NOTE

We have yet to sell
Shares of Rs. 29,00,000/-

15%

INTERIM DIVIDEND DECLARED FOR 1945

WANTED SOME RESPECTABLE AGENTS

Share forms, terms and Details are sent on request.

ORIENTAL COTTON CULTIVATION & MILLS LTD.

Head Office:—162, Bowbazar Street
CALCUTTA.

LEGAL NOTICES

Suit No. 53 of 1944.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

Original Side (Matrimonial Jurisdiction)

In Re: THE INDIAN DIVORCE ACT:

(ACT IV OF 1869)

TERRENCE OSCAR JOHNSON .. Petitioner.

Versus:

DOROTHY JOHNSON .. Respondent.

To

DOROTHY JOHNSON,
The Respondent abovenamed,
Formerly of "Daphne Court",
3, Hartford Lane,
CALCUTTA.

WHEREAS the Petitioner abovenamed has instituted a suit in this court on the 5th day of June, 1944, against you for a decree that his marriage celebrated with you be annulled and be declared null and void, you are hereby required to cause an appearance to be entered for you in my office within 10 days from the date of this publication and to appear before this Court either in person or by an advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court to Answer the Petitioner's claim on the day the case is set down for hearing, upon which date you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses and all documents in your possession or power upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your causing an appearance to be so entered the matters of the said Petition will be liable to be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1945.

A. L. COLLET,
Registrar.

MITTERS & BASUS,
Attorneys for the Petitioner abovenamed.
(2014)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. B-20240 for 5 Shares Nos. 246193-246200 of the Reserve Bank of India issued in the name of Dossibai Nasserwanji Boga (deceased) has been LOST, STOLEN or MISLAID. Due Notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the Share Certificate in any way.

UDVADIA & CO.,
Attorneys for Rustom D. Mehta, administrator of the estate of Dossibai N. Boga.
(2017)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for the supply of approximately 2,000 Brass of Dharamtar Sand for General Works and Railway for the year from 1st April, 1945 to 31st March, 1946.

Conditions of contract, Specifications and Tender Form can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 2/- and no tender will be considered which is not made on prescribed form or which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/- by crossed cheque as earnest money which deposit will be returned.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 P.M. (N.S.T.) on Monday 19th February, 1945.

G. E. TERREY,
M. Inst. C. E.,
Chief Engineer,
Bombay Port Trust.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
2018

FREE

DIARY CALENDAR 1945

In order to popularise our Metro New Gold ornaments we have decided to give one Diary Calendar for year 1945 free. Write today for samples of ornaments and Diary Calenders

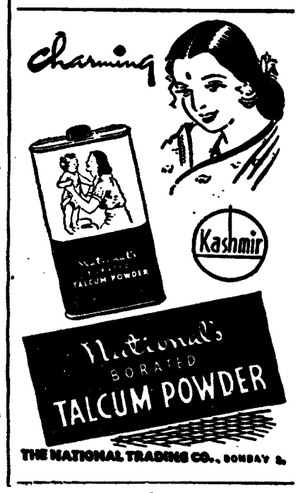
NEW GOLD SUPPLY CO.,
Haika No. 22 (B.C.)
AMRITSAR (PB).

In a private letter about various other subjects, a Pai officer greatly praises *Milton* as follows:—

"I'm down to about half a bottle of Milton . . . and with the mosquito and sandfly season just starting I shall have to go carefully . . . I always cut myself when I shave and I always rub Milton in to prevent infection and ensure quick healing. In nearly 4 years, with this place full of skin infections, I've never had a cut go bad."

In every theatre of war, men and women are depending on *Milton* to keep them from discomforts and infection dangers. They have discovered that *Milton* destroys germs without harming living tissue. *Milton* has been recommended in recent British medical literature or in statements by authoritative bodies for many uses. In hot countries its value is even greater than in a temperate climate, as those stationed in India soon discover. Remember, when you're not using it, keep your *Milton* firmly corked.

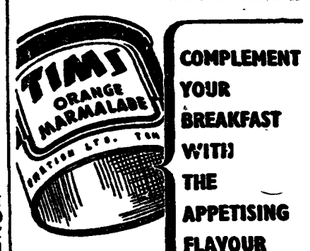
MILTON
THE HYPOCHLORITE ANTISEPTIC



NEW BLOOD

That feeling of general ill-health, tiredness and depression is more often than not due to poor, impoverished blood. Is it to be wondered at? Think of the job your blood has to do—circulating throughout your body, supplying nourishment to every cell and carrying off waste products. C. K. Sen's Suraballi Kasaya contains powerful but perfectly innocuous ingredients which purify, cleanse and re-vitalise the blood. A course of Suraballi Kasaya will make you feel a new person and give you radiant health, bubbling spirits and bounding energy.

C. K. Sen's
SURABALLI
KASAYA
C. K. SEN & CO. LTD.
Jabakusum House, Calcutta.
SK 1



COMPLEMENT YOUR BREAKFAST WITH THE APPETISING FLAVOUR OF

TIMS
ORANGE MARMALADE

Available at all leading stores

INSANITY

Hysteria, epilepsy, insomnia, violentmania, blood pressure, mental and nervous disorders are now treated by doctors with

LUNEGON

A high-grade ethical product with an open formula, which contains no dangerous drugs. Quick in action, easy to use. Bottle of 50 tablets Rs. 4 at all chemists-free literature from:

HERING & KENT,

P O Box 323 (B. C. B.)
Opp Lloyd's Bank
261-63 Hornby Road, Bombay
Phone: 24297
Stockists: P M. Zaveri & Co
Princess St., Bombay 2.

MOVING vital equipment, supplies and weapons of war to where these are needed most, is today the main task of Indian Railways, till victory is won. Planes, lorries and tanks cannot move without fuel; nor without food can a soldier fight, or a worker work. You can help the Railways to see it through to the end by.....

★ *Watching dates of wagon arrivals*
★ *Loading and unloading wagons speedily*
★ *Loading them up to full capacity*
★ *Keeping wagons moving.*

GIP

Help keep the home & fighting fronts fully supplied!

The men who made the "Mosquitoes"

The lines of tomorrow's cars may well be influenced by the Mosquitoes and other aircraft Britain's Motor Industry is making today, in collaboration with the Aircraft industry. Many of the war-time developments that will surely advance the efficiency of peace-time transport cannot be announced while the war is in progress. But this much can be said: Britain will build a range of vehicles that will meet the exacting and specialised needs of overseas markets.

THE MOTOR INDUSTRY OF GREAT BRITAIN

AUTOMOBILES • TRUCKS • BUSES
expressly designed and built for overseas

REWARD Rs. 1,500

SIDH KAVACHA It brings peace of mind, happiness in family; heals incurable diseases, saves from accident, premature death, fire and theft, ensure success in examination, increases mental and physical power. The wearer of this Jewel is saved from all sorts of troubles as it pleases all evil stars. Ordinary Rs. 8. Special (ready action) Rs. 20/ only.

LAXMI KAVACHA It helps to gain success in occupation, to fulfil desire, to get Royal Honour, to get promotion in service, to attain prosperity in business, to increase wealth, to secure command upon all. By wearing this charm the great men irrespective of caste & creed and even the ordinary people have overcome the enemies and have attained success in the most unfavourable and complicated Law Suits without any difficulty. This is always very good to the welfare of the family men. Ordinary Rs. 12/-. Special (ready action) Rs. 45/- only.

SHAKTI KAVACHA It helps to cure all sorts of female diseases, to do away with the defects of bringing forth still-born child, to beget a son to a barren woman, to cure menstrual trouble, etc. In a word it is the best Jewel of getting rid of all sorts of severe agony and trouble which make family life unbearable. Ordinary Rs. 10/- Special (ready action) Rs. 29/- only.

NOTE:—Price refunded if unsuccessful. Letters of appreciation can be seen. Anybody proving them to be wrong will get a reward of Rs. 1,500.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE,
P.B. 61. (B.C.) LAHORE (INDIA).

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.